Submersible Pump in Discharge Tube

Amacan P

50 Hz Amacan P 500 - 270 Amacan P 600 - 350

Installation/Operating Manual



Mat. No.: 01137238



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Glossary

Certificate of decontamination

A certificate of decontamination is enclosed by the customer when returning the product to the manufacturer to certify that the product has been properly drained to eliminate any environmental and health hazards arising from components in contact with the fluid handled.

Close-coupled design

Motor directly fitted to the pump via a flange or a drive lantern

ECB (ever clean blade) design

Self-cleaning vane profile

Submersible pump in discharge tube

A submersible motor pump which is completely submerged and suspended in a discharge tube



1 General

1.1 Principles

This operating manual is valid for the type series and variants indicated on the front cover.

The operating manual describes the proper and safe use of this equipment in all phases of operation.

The name plate indicates the type series and size, the main operating data, the order number and the order item number. The order number and order item number clearly identify the pump set and serve as identification for all further business processes.

In the event of damage, immediately contact your nearest KSB service facility to maintain the right to claim under warranty.

1.2 Installation of partly completed machinery

To install partly completed machinery supplied by KSB refer to the sub-sections under Servicing/Maintenance.

1.3 Target group

This operating manual is aimed at the target group of trained and qualified specialist technical personnel. (⇒ Section 2.3, Page 9)

1.4 Other applicable documents

Table 1: Overview of other applicable documents

Document	Contents
Data sheet	Description of the technical data of the pump (set)
Hydraulic characteristic curve	Characteristic curves showing head, NPSH required, efficiency and power input
General assembly drawing ¹⁾	Sectional drawing of the pump set
Sub-supplier product literature ¹⁾	Operating manuals and other product literature describing accessories and integrated machinery components
Spare parts lists ¹⁾	Description of spare parts

For accessories and/or integrated machinery components, observe the relevant manufacturer's product literature.

1.5 Symbols

Table 2: Symbols used in this manual

Symbol	Description
✓	Conditions which need to be fulfilled before proceeding with the step-by-step instructions
⊳	Safety instructions
⇒	Result of an action
⇒	Cross-references
1.	Step-by-step instructions
2.	
	Note Recommendations and important information on how to handle the product

¹ If included in agreed scope of supply

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1.6 Key to safety symbols/markings

Table 3: Definition of safety symbols/markings

Symbol	Description
↑ DANGER	DANGER This signal word indicates a high-risk hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
<u> </u>	WARNING This signal word indicates a medium-risk hazard which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
CAUTION	CAUTION This signal word indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine and its functions.
⟨£x⟩	Explosion protection This symbol identifies information about avoiding explosions in potentially explosive atmospheres in accordance with EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX).
<u>^</u>	General hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard which will or could result in death or serious injury.
4	Electrical hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard involving electrical voltage and identifies information about protection against electrical voltage.
	Machine damage In conjunction with the signal word CAUTION this symbol indicates a hazard for the machine and its functions.





2 Safety

All the information contained in this section refers to hazardous situations.

In addition to the present general safety information the action-related safety information given in the other sections must be observed.

2.1 General

- This operating manual contains general installation, operating and maintenance instructions that must be observed to ensure safe operation of the system and prevent personal injury and damage to property.
- Comply with all the safety instructions given in the individual sections of this
 operating manual.
- The operating manual must be read and understood by the responsible specialist personnel/operators prior to installation and commissioning.
- The contents of this operating manual must be available to the specialist personnel at the site at all times.
- Information and markings attached directly to the product must always be complied with and kept in a perfectly legible condition at all times. This applies to, for example:
 - Arrow indicating the direction of rotation
 - Markings for connections
 - Name plate
- The operator is responsible for ensuring compliance with all local regulations not taken into account.

2.2 Intended use

- The pump (set) must only be operated in the fields of application and within the use limits specified in the other applicable documents.
- Only operate pumps/pump sets which are in perfect technical condition.
- Do not operate the pump (set) in partially assembled condition.
- Only use the pump to handle the fluids described in the data sheet or product literature of the pump model or variant.
- Never operate the pump without the fluid to be handled.
- Observe the limits for continuous duty specified in the data sheet or product literature (Q_{min} and Q_{max}) (to prevent damage such as shaft fracture, bearing failure, mechanical seal damage, etc).
- Observe the minimum flow rate and maximum flow rate indicated in the data sheet or product literature (to prevent overheating, mechanical seal damage, cavitation damage, bearing damage, etc).
- Always operate the pump (set) in the direction of rotation it is intended for.

2.3 Personnel qualification and training

All personnel involved must be fully qualified to transport, install, operate, maintain and inspect the machinery this manual refers to.

The responsibilities, competence and supervision of all personnel involved in transport, installation, operation, maintenance and inspection must be clearly defined by the operator.

Deficits in knowledge must be rectified by means of training and instruction provided by sufficiently trained specialist personnel. If required, the operator can commission the manufacturer/supplier to train the personnel.

Training on the pump (set) must always be supervised by technical specialist personnel.

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2.4 Consequences and risks caused by non-compliance with this manual

- Non-compliance with these operating instructions will lead to forfeiture of warranty cover and of any and all rights to claims for damages.
- Non-compliance can, for example, have the following consequences:
 - Hazards to persons due to electrical, thermal, mechanical and chemical effects and explosions
 - Failure of important product functions
 - Failure of prescribed maintenance and servicing practices
 - Hazard to the environment due to leakage of hazardous substances

2.5 Safety awareness

In addition to the safety information contained in this operating manual and the intended use, the following safety regulations shall be complied with:

- Accident prevention, health regulations and safety regulations
- Explosion protection regulations
- Safety regulations for handling hazardous substances
- Applicable standards, directives and laws

2.6 Safety information for the operator/user

- Fit protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) supplied by the operator for hot, cold or moving parts, and check that the equipment functions properly.
- Do not remove any protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) during operation.
- Provide the personnel with protective equipment and make sure it is used.
- Contain leakages (e.g. at the shaft seal) of hazardous fluids handled (e.g. explosive, toxic, hot) so as to avoid any danger to persons and the environment. Adhere to all relevant laws.
- Eliminate all electrical hazards. (In this respect refer to the applicable national safety regulations and/or regulations issued by the local energy supply companies.)
- If stopping the pump does not increase potential risk, fit an emergency-stop control device in the immediate vicinity of the pump (set) during pump set installation.

2.7 Safety information for maintenance, inspection and installation

- Modifications or alterations of the pump (set) are only permitted with the manufacturer's prior consent.
- Use only original spare parts or parts/components authorised by the manufacturer. The use of other parts/components can invalidate any liability of the manufacturer for resulting damage.
- The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.
- Only carry out work on the pump (set) during standstill of the pump.
- Only perform work on the pump set when it has been disconnected from the power supply (de-energised).
- The pump (set) must have cooled down to ambient temperature.
- Pump pressure must have been released and the pump must have been drained.

- When taking the pump set out of service always adhere to the procedure described in the manual. (⇒ Section 6.3, Page 46)
- Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.
- As soon as the work has been completed, re-install and re-activate any safetyrelevant devices and protective devices. Before returning the product to service, observe all instructions on commissioning. (⇒ Section 6.1, Page 42)

2.8 Unauthorised modes of operation

Never operate the pump (set) outside the limits stated in the data sheet and in this operating manual.

The warranty relating to the operating reliability and safety of the pump (set) supplied is only valid if the equipment is used in accordance with its intended use.

2.9 Explosion protection

Always observe the information on explosion protection given in this section when operating an explosion-proof pump set.

Sections of the manual marked by the symbol opposite apply to explosion-proof pump sets also when temporarily operated outside potentially explosive atmospheres.

Pumps / pump sets must not be used in potentially explosive atmospheres unless marked as explosion-proof **and** identified as such in the data sheet.

Special conditions apply to the operation of explosion-proof pump sets in accordance with EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX).

Especially adhere to the sections in this manual marked with the symbol opposite. The explosion-proof status of the pump is only assured if the pump is used in accordance with its intended use.

Never operate the product outside the limits stated in the data sheet and on the name plate.

Prevent impermissible modes of operation.

2.9.1 Repair

Special regulations apply to repair work on explosion-proof pumps. Modifications or alterations of the pump set can affect explosion protection and are only permitted after consultation with the manufacturer.

Repair work at the flameproof joints must only be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Repair to the values in Table 2 of EN 60079-1 is not permitted.







3 Transport/Storage/Disposal

3.1 Checking the condition upon delivery

- 1. On transfer of goods, check each packaging unit for damage.
- 2. In the event of in-transit damage, assess the exact damage, document it and notify KSB or the supplying dealer and the insurer about the damage in writing immediately.

3.2 Transport

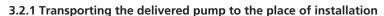


Improper transport

Danger to life from falling parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Use the attachment point provided for attaching the lifting accessory.
- ▶ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- Use the lifting chain/rope included in the scope of supply exclusively for lowering or lifting the pump set into/out of the pump sump.
- Securely attach the lifting chain/rope to the pump and crane.
- ▶ Use tested, marked and approved lifting accessories only.
- Observe the regional transport regulations.
- ▷ Observe the documentation of the lifting accessory manufacturer.
- ▶ The load-carrying capacity of the lifting accessory must be higher than the weight indicated on the name plate of the pump set to be lifted. Take into account any additional system components to be lifted.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).



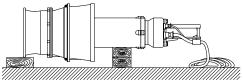


Fig. 1: Transport the pump set in its original packaging

- The pump set is supplied in a horizontal position on a suitable transport support.
- Use suitable lifting equipment to transport the pump set in its original packaging to its place of installation.
 - Observe the marked centres of gravity and/or attachment points on the transport boxes!

For the weight refer to the name plate or data sheet. (⇒ Section 4.4, Page 19)

3.2.2 Placing the pump set in a vertical or horizontal position



WARNING

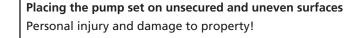
Pump set tilting

Risk of squashing hands and feet!

Suspend or support the pump set.



! WARNING



- ▶ Always place the pump set on a solid and level surface with the pump set in a vertical position and the motor on top.
- ▷ Only place the pump set on a surface of sufficient load-carrying capacity.
- ▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting or tipping over.
- ▶ Refer to the weights given in the data sheet/on the name plate.





Incorrect handling of the electric cable

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Secure electric cables against falling down.
- ▶ Avoid electric cables being laid on surfaces without fastening.
- ▶ When moving the pump set keep at a safe distance to the electric cables.

! WARNING



Improper handling when placing the pump set in a vertical/horizontal position Personal injury and damage to property!

- Use one or two pieces of lifting equipment, depending on the pump (set) size.
- ▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting, tipping over or rolling off.
- ▶ Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).
- Use additional supports for the transport holder to secure it against tilting.



! WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

▶ Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

CAUTION



Improper storage

Damage to the electric cables!

- ▷ Support the electric cables at the cable gland to prevent permanent deformation.
- ▷ Only remove the protective caps from the electric cables at the time of installation.

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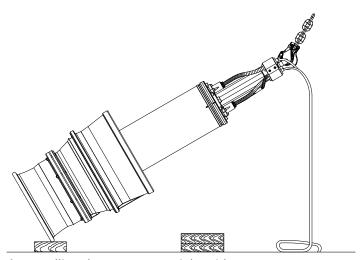


Fig. 2: Pulling the pump set upright with one crane

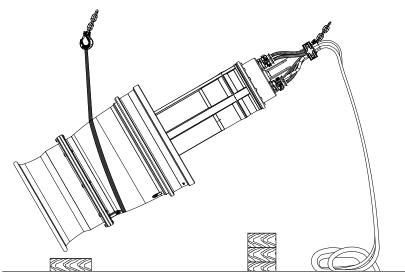


Fig. 3: Pulling the pump set upright with two cranes

- ✓ Suitable lifting equipment has been selected (e.g. crane).
- 1. a) For one piece of lifting equipment: Attach the eyehook to the bail of the pump set.
 - b) For two pieces of lifting equipment: Attach one eyehook to the bail of the pump set. **Then** suitably loop a rope around the pump set and attach this loop to the second crane hook.
- 2. Lift the pump set with the lifting equipment.
 - ⇒ Guiding the pump set over the edge of the bellmouth or pump casing is only permissible on a wooden base!
 - ⇒ Protect the power cable against kinking!
- 3. Place the pump set on a level, clean surface and protect it against tilting, tipping over or rolling off.



3.2.3 Transporting the pump set





Incorrect positioning/placing down

Personal injury and damage to property!

- ▶ Position the pump set vertically with the motor on top.
- ▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting and tipping over.
- ▶ Refer to the weights given in the data sheet/on the name plate.

MARNING



Incorrect handling of the electric cable

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Secure electric cables against falling down.
- ▶ Avoid electric cables being laid on surfaces without fastening.
- ▶ When moving the pump set keep at a safe distance to the electric cables.





Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

MARNING



Improper handling when placing the pump set in a vertical/horizontal position Personal injury and damage to property!

- ▶ Use one or two pieces of lifting equipment, depending on the pump (set) size.
- Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting, tipping over or rolling off.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).
- ▶ Use additional supports for the transport holder to secure it against tilting.

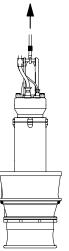


Fig. 4: Transporting the pump set in a vertical position

Use suitable lifting equipment to transport the pump set in the illustrated position.

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3.3 Storage/preservation

If commissioning is to take place some time after delivery, we recommend that the following measures be taken:

Store the pump set as follows:

- In its original packaging: in a horizontal position
- Without packaging: in a vertical position with the motor on top



MARNING

Pump set tilting

Risk of squashing hands and feet!

▷ Suspend or support the pump set.

CAUTION



Improper storage

Damage to the electric cables!

- Support the electric cables at the cable gland to prevent permanent deformation.
- Only remove the protective caps from the electric cables at the time of installation.

CAUTION

Damage during storage due to humidity, dirt or vermin

Corrosion/contamination of pump (set)!

▶ For outdoor storage cover the pump (set) and accessories with waterproof material and protect against condensation.



CAUTION

Wet, contaminated or damaged openings and connections

Leakage or damage to the pump!

▶ Clean and cover pump openings and connections as required prior to putting the pump into storage.

Table 4: Ambient conditions for storage

Ambient condition	Value		
Relative humidity	5 % to 85 % (non-condensing)		
Ambient temperature	-20 °C to +70 °C		

- Store the pump set under dry and vibration-free conditions, if possible in its original packaging.
- 1. Rotate the impeller by hand once every three months.



3.4 Return to supplier

- 1. Drain the pump as per operating instructions. (

 ⇒ Section 7.3.2, Page 54)
- 2. Flush and clean the pump, particularly if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.
- 3. If the pump has handled fluids whose residues could lead to corrosion damage in the presence of atmospheric humidity or could ignite upon contact with oxygen, the pump must also be neutralised, and anhydrous inert gas must be blown through the pump to ensure drying.
- 4. Always complete and enclose a certificate of decontamination when returning the pump.
 - Indicate any safety measures and decontamination measures taken. (⇒ Section 11, Page 108)



NOTE

If required, a blank certificate of decontamination can be downloaded from the following web site: www.ksb.com/certificate_of_decontamination

3.5 Disposal



⚠ WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- ▶ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Description Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.
- Dismantle the pump (set).
 Collect greases and other lubricants during dismantling.
- 2. Separate and sort the pump materials, e.g. by:
 - Metals
 - Plastics
 - Electronic waste
 - Greases and other lubricants
- 3. Dispose of materials in accordance with local regulations or in another controlled manner.

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4 Description of the Pump (Set)

4.1 General description

Submersible pump in discharge tube

Pump set for handling river water and stormwater, pre-screened domestic and industrial waste water as well as activated sludge

4.2 Product information as per Regulation No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

For information as per European chemicals regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) see https://www.ksb.com/en-global/company/corporate-responsibility/reach.

4.3 Designation

Example: Amacan PA4 600- 350 / 40 4 XAG1

Table 5: Designation key

Code	Description		
Amacan	Type series		
P	Impeller type		
	P Propeller		
A	Pressure class		
	A		
	В		
4	Number of vanes		
600	Nominal diameter of the discharge tube [mm]		
350	Nominal impeller diameter [mm]		
40	Motor size		
4	Number of motor poles		
XA	Motor version		
	UA Without explosion protection, standard		
	XA Explosion protection 🗟 II 2G Ex db h IIB T3 Gb		
G1	Material variant		
	G1 Grey cast iron, standard material variant		
	G3 Grey cast iron with Zn anodes, shaft made of 1.4057 stainless steel		



4.4 Name plate

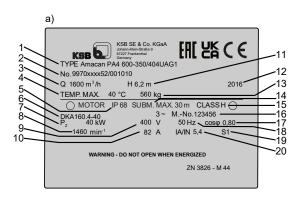




Fig. 5: Name plate (example) a) Standard pump set b) Explosion-proof pump set

1	Designation	2	KSB order number
3	Flow rate	4	Maximum fluid temperature and ambient
			temperature
5	Enclosure	6	Motor type
7	Rated power	8	Rated speed
9	Rated voltage	10	Rated current
11	Head	12	Year of construction
13	Total weight	14	Maximum submergence $\overline{\nabla}$
15	Thermal class of winding insulation	16	Motor number
17	Power factor at rated operating point	18	Rated frequency
19	Mode of operation	20	Starting current ratio
21	ATEX marking for the submersible motor	22	ATEX marking for the pump set

4.5 Design details

Design

- Fully floodable submersible pump in discharge tube (submersible motor pump)
- Not self-priming
- Close-coupled design
- Single-stage
- Vertical installation

Drive

- Three-phase asynchronous squirrel-cage motor
- Type of protection Ex db IIB (applies to explosion-proof pump sets only)
- Enclosure: IP68 to EN 60529/IEC529

Shaft seal

- Two bi-directional mechanical seals in tandem arrangement, with liquid reservoir
- Leakage chamber

Impeller type

Axial propeller in ECB design

Bearings

Grease-lubricated rolling element bearings

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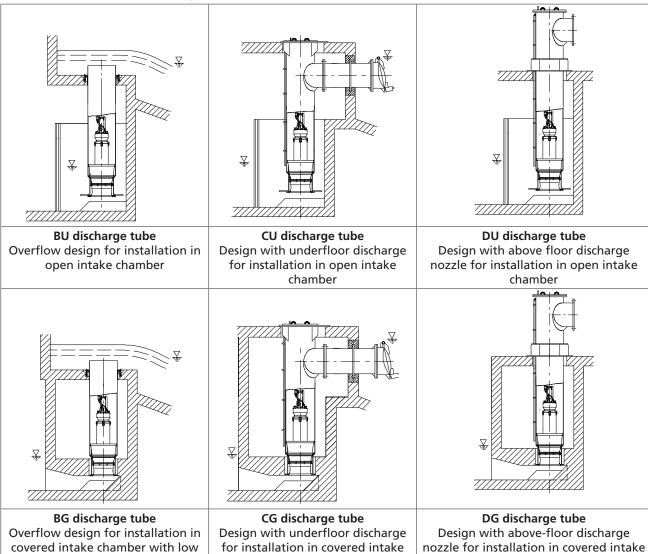


4.6 Installation types

Six different types are available for selection²⁾:

Table 6: Overview of installation types

suction-side water levels



chamber with low suction-side

water levels

chamber with low suction-side water

levels

For information on the various designs (foundation measurements, intake chamber, etc.) refer to the general arrangement drawings.



4.7 Configuration and function

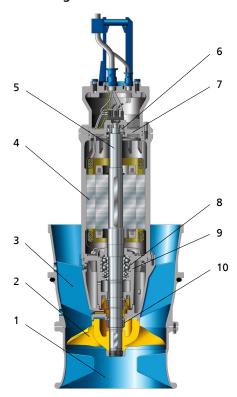


Fig. 6: Amacan with axial propeller

1	Suction nozzle (bellmouth)	2	Impeller
3	Pump bowl	4	Electric motor
5	Shaft	6	Bearing, motor end
7	Bearing housing, motor end	8	Bearing, pump end
9	Bearing housing, pump end	10	Shaft seal

Design The pump is designed with an axial fluid inlet and an axial outlet. The hydraulic system sits on the extended motor shaft. The shaft runs in common bearings.

Function The fluid enters the pump axially via a suction nozzle (inlet nozzle) (1) and is accelerated outward in a rotating flow by the rotating impeller (2). The required energy is transmitted from the electric motor (4) to the impeller (2) via the shaft (5). In the pump bowl (3) the kinetic energy of the fluid is converted into pressure energy. The rotational movement of the diffusers diverts the fluid flow in axial direction. The shaft passage through the casing is sealed towards the fluid with a shaft seal (10). The shaft (5) runs in two rolling element bearings (6 and 8), which are supported by the bearing housings (7 and 9).

Sealing

The pump is sealed by two bi-directional mechanical seals in tandem arrangement. A lubricant reservoir in-between the seals ensures cooling and lubrication of the mechanical seals.

Monitoring equipment

The pump sets are equipped with various sensors.

Standard

- Temperature monitoring of the motor
- Temperature monitoring at the lower bearings
- Temperature monitoring at the upper bearing
- Leakage monitoring of the mechanical seal system
- Leakage sensors in the motor space

Option

Additional winding temperature monitoring with PT100

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4.8 Scope of supply

Depending on the model, the following items are included in the scope of supply:

- Pump set complete with power cables
- O-ring
- Back-up name plate

Optional accessories:

- Support rope
- Accessories for installing the cable guide:
 - Fitting
 - Turnbuckle
 - Support
 - Shackle
 - Cable clamps
- Cable support sleeves
- Discharge tube
- Flow-straightening vane to prevent floor vortices



NOTE

A separate name plate is included in the scope of supply.

This name plate must be attached in a clearly visible position outside the place of installation, e.g. at the control panel, pipeline or mounting bracket.

4.9 Dimensions and weights

For dimensions and weights refer to the name plate or data sheet of the pump set.



5 Installation at Site

5.1 Safety regulations



A DANGER

Improper installation in potentially explosive atmospheres

Explosion hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Comply with the applicable local explosion protection regulations.
- Observe the information in the data sheet and on the name plates of pump and motor.



A DANGER

Improper transport

Danger to life from falling parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Use the attachment point provided for attaching the lifting accessory.
- ▶ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- Use the lifting chain/rope included in the scope of supply exclusively for lowering or lifting the pump set into/out of the pump sump.
- Securely attach the lifting chain/rope to the pump and crane.
- Use tested, marked and approved lifting accessories only.
- Observe the regional transport regulations.
- ▷ Observe the documentation of the lifting accessory manufacturer.
- ▶ The load-carrying capacity of the lifting accessory must be higher than the weight indicated on the name plate of the pump set to be lifted. Take into account any additional system components to be lifted.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).



A DANGER

Persons in the intake chamber during pump set operation

Electric shock! Risk of injury!

▶ Never start up the pump set when there are persons in the intake chamber.



WARNING

Impermissible solid objects (tools, screws/bolts or similar) in the pump sump/inlet tank during pump start-up

Personal injury and damage to property!

Check the pump sump/inlet tank for impermissible solid objects before flooding, and remove, if necessary.

5.2 Checks to be carried out prior to installation

5.2.1 Checking the structural requirements

All structural work required must have been prepared in accordance with the dimensions stated in the outline drawing / general arrangement drawing ...



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5.2.2 Checking the operating data

Before inserting the pump set into the discharge tube, verify the data on the name plate against the data given in the purchase order and the system data.

Back-up name plate

KSB's scope of supply includes a separate name plate attached to the end of the pump cable which indicates the pump and motor data.

1. Attach this name plate in a clearly visible position outside the discharge tube, e.g. at the control cabinet, pipeline or mounting bracket.

5.2.3 Checking the lubricant of the mechanical seal

The lubricant reservoir is filled at the factory with an environmentally-friendly, nontoxic lubricant.

The pump set is supplied in a horizontal position on a suitable transport support.

Visual inspection for signs of oil leakage

- 1. If no oil leakage is visible in the area of pump bowl, impeller or transport support, the lubricant reservoir is filled properly.
- 2. If oil leakage is visible in the area of pump bowl, impeller or transport support, top up the lubricant.

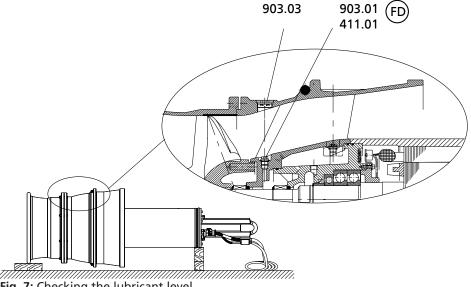


Fig. 7: Checking the lubricant level

Table 7: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
(FI) 1	Always apply a liquid sealant (e.g. Hylomar SQ32M) to sealing surfaces marked with this symbol.

- 1. Place the pump set down in a horizontal position and make sure it cannot roll off. (

 Section 3.2.2, Page 13)
- 2. When placing it down, make sure that screw plug 903.03 is on top.
- 3. Remove screw plug 903.03.
- 4. Remove screw plug 903.01 and joint ring 411.01.
- 5. Shine a torch through the hole in the pump bowl to see the opening of the lubricant reservoir.
 - ⇒ If the lubricant level reaches the opening, fit screw plug 903.01 together with a new joint ring 411.01 as well as screw plug 903.03.
 - ⇒ If the lubricant level is below the opening, top up the lubricant. (⇒ Section 7.4.1.4.2, Page 58)
- 6. Re-insert and tighten screw plug 903.01 with new joint ring 411.01.
- 7. Re-insert and tighten screw plug 903.03.





NOTE

If more than 0.3 litres of lubricant are required for topping up, this suggests a defect of the mechanical seals.

5.2.4 Checking the direction of rotation



DANGER

Pump set running dry

Explosion hazard!

Check the direction of rotation of explosion-proof pump sets outside potentially explosive atmospheres.

M WARNING



Improper handling when placing the pump set in a vertical/horizontal position Personal injury and damage to property!

- ▶ Use one or two pieces of lifting equipment, depending on the pump (set) size.
- ▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting, tipping over or rolling off.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).
- ▶ Use additional supports for the transport holder to secure it against tilting.



MARNING

Improper positioning of pump set when checking the direction of rotation Personal injury and damage to property!

▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting or tipping over.

MARNING



Hands and/or foreign objects in the pump casing

Risk of injuries, damage to the pump!

- ▶ Never insert your hands or any other objects into the pump.
- ▷ Check that the inside of the pump is free from any foreign objects.
- ▶ Verify that the transport lock has been removed.
- ▶ Take suitable precautions (e.g. wear safety goggles).

CAUTION



Pump set running dry

Increased vibrations!

Damage to mechanical seals and bearings!

Never operate the pump set for more than 60 seconds without the fluid handled.

Check the direction of rotation before installing the pump set, i.e. in dry condition.

- 1. Place the pump set in a vertical position on a level surface and secure it sufficiently against tipping over. (⇒ Section 3.2.2, Page 13)
- 2. Connect the pump set to the power supply and start it up.
- 3. Use one of the following options to check the direction of rotation:

1580.86/08-EN



- ⇒ 1. Look down into the pump bowl and check that the impeller is turning clockwise.
- ⇒ 2. Verify the direction of rotation of the impeller. The direction of rotation of the impeller must match the arrow indicating the direction of rotation on the pump bowl.
- 4. If the impeller rotates in the wrong direction of rotation, check and correct the electrical connection and the control system if applicable. Then check the direction of rotation again.
- 5. If the direction of rotation is correct, mark which core ends match which of the terminals in the control cabinet.
- Disconnect the pump set from the power supply and secure it against unintentional start-up.





Unintentional starting of the pump set

Risk of injury by moving components and shock currents!

- ▶ Ensure that the pump set cannot be started unintentionally.
- ▶ Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before carrying out work on the pump set.

5.3 Lowering the pump set into the discharge tube

A DANGER

Improper transport

Danger to life from falling parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Use the attachment point provided for attaching the lifting accessory.
- ▶ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- Use the lifting chain/rope included in the scope of supply exclusively for lowering or lifting the pump set into/out of the pump sump.
- ▷ Securely attach the lifting chain/rope to the pump and crane.
- ▶ Use tested, marked and approved lifting accessories only.
- Observe the regional transport regulations.
- ▶ Observe the documentation of the lifting accessory manufacturer.
- ▶ The load-carrying capacity of the lifting accessory must be higher than the weight indicated on the name plate of the pump set to be lifted. Take into account any additional system components to be lifted.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).



Improper installation in potentially explosive atmospheres

Explosion hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Comply with the applicable local explosion protection regulations.
- Observe the information in the data sheet and on the name plates of pump and motor.



MARNING

Incorrect handling of the electric cable

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Secure electric cables against falling down.
- ▶ Avoid electric cables being laid on surfaces without fastening.
- ▶ When moving the pump set keep at a safe distance to the electric cables.



MARNING

People falling into the unsecured discharge tube

Risk of personal injury!

- ▶ Take suitable precautions during the entire installation/removal process to protect people from falling into the open discharge tube.
- ▶ Fence off the work area appropriately.

5.3.1 Information for correct installation

The **flow-straightening vane** is **indispensable** for the inlet conditions of the pump set. It prevents the development of a submerged vortex (floor vortex) which could cause a drop in performance, for example. To provide optimum inlet conditions, observe the following information:

Observe the structural requirements!
 Install the flow-straightening vane concentrically below the discharge tube, see general arrangement drawing.

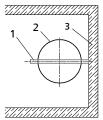


Fig. 8: Installation position of the flow-straightening vane

1	Flow-straightening vane	2	Discharge tube
3	Intake chamber		

2. Observe the installation position of the pump set!

Lower the pump set into the discharge tube with the anti-swirl baffles (2) in the bellmouth aligned with the flow-straightening vane (3). Use the bail alignment of the pump set for orientation. The bail (1) is aligned with the anti-swirl baffles (2).

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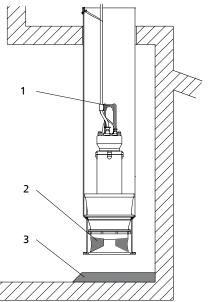


Fig. 9: Installation position of the pump set

1	Bail	2	Anti-swirl baffles
3	Flow-straightening vane		

5.3.2 Installation without support rope



CAUTION

Incorrect installation

Damage to the pump set!

▶ Verify that the pump set is correctly seated in the discharge tube.

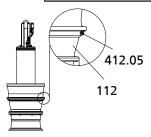


Fig. 10: Inserting the O-ring

Refer to and comply with the general arrangement drawing/outline drawing when installing the pump set.

- 1. If not already fitted, insert the supplied O-ring 412.05 into pump bowl 112.
- 2. Attach the crane hook to the bail of the pump set.
- 3. Centre the pump set above the discharge tube. Slowly lower the pump set into the discharge tube until it is seated in the recommended position. (⇒ Section 5.3.1, Page 27)
- 4. Pull the electric cables up by hand. Fasten them to the sump construction with a cable support sleeve if required. Do not lift the pump set out of its seat.

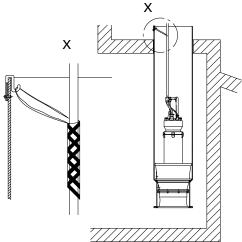


Fig. 11: Fastening the cable support sleeve



5.3.3 Installation with a support rope

Always refer to and comply with the general arrangement drawing/outline drawing when installing the pump set.

- 1. Prior to installing the pump set, visually inspect the support rope.
- 2. Do not exceed the permissible load-carrying capacity.

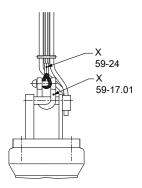


Fig. 12: X = indication of load-carrying capacity

59-24	Support rope
59-17.01	Shackle



CAUTION

Incorrect installation

Damage to the pump set!

▶ Verify that the pump set is correctly seated in the discharge tube.



WARNING

Pump set drops during the installation or removal process

Personal injury and damage to property!

- ▶ Never use the turnbuckle , shackle or discharge tube cover to lift the pump set.
- ▶ Always use lifting lug 59-47.



NOTE

Prior to fitting the turnbuckle, check that the corresponding split pin has not been cracked and/or chipped. If damaged, always use a new split pin.

- ✓ Suitably sized lifting equipment is available.
- ✓ The support rope has been visually inspected.
- ✓ The split pin of the turnbuckle has been checked for any damage.

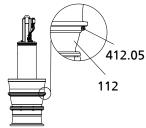


Fig. 13: Inserting the O-ring

1. If not already fitted, insert the supplied O-ring 412.05 into pump bowl 112.

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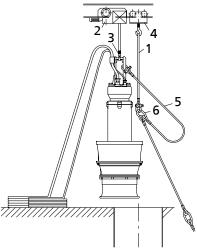


Fig. 14: Lifting and positioning the pump set

- 2. Secure the lifting chain or lifting rope (1) to the trolley (4) of the lifting equipment (2).
- 3. Attach the support rope (5) to the bail by its shackle. (⇒ Section 9.2, Page 82) For a galvanised shackle, secure the pin at the shackle with Loctite 243. For a stainless steel shackle, undo and tighten the pin twice and secure it with Loctite 243.
- 4. Check that the support rope is arranged correctly.
 - ⇒ The free lifting lug (6) has to point away from the pump set
- 5. Partially unwind the support rope and electric cables.
- 6. Lower the pump set into the discharge tube until the bail is in an accessible position, protruding from the discharge tube.
- 7. Securely cover the discharge tube except for a gap which allows work to continue.
- 8. Attach the first lifting lug of the support rope (5) to the lifting rope (1) to securely position the pump set above the discharge tube.
- 9. Unclip the hook of the lifting equipment from the lifting lug of the support rope and run the lifting equipment to a higher level.

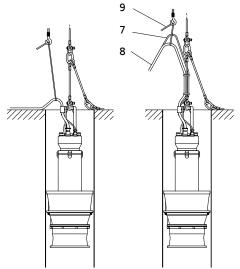


Fig. 15: Securing the control cable and power cable

- 10. Secure the control cable (7) and power cables (8) to the crane hook (3) of the lifting equipment with a manila rope (9).
- 11. Trim spacer (a) to fit between the two ferrules.



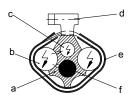


Fig. 16: Cross-section of the cable guide

- 12. Insert the support rope (f) and the control cable (c) into the spacer (a) and make sure that they are in their respective ducts.
- 13. Tighten the electric cables with the manila rope running over the crane hook.
- 14. Insert the power cables (b) into the hollows of the spacer (a) and, starting from the bottom, firmly clamp the power cables with cable clamps (d) covered by a plastic sheath (e).
- 15. In the area of the lifting lug between the rope sections, lay all electric cables in loops and fasten them to the rope section above.
- 16. Progressively lower the pump set into the discharge tube while securing the cable bundle with evenly spaced sheathed cable clamps.
- 17. Fit a heat shrink tube on any protruding sharp-edged rope ends (e.g. at the ferrule) to prevent any damage to the power cable and control cable.

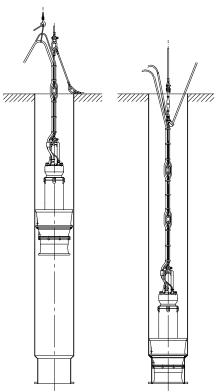


Fig. 17: Lowering the pump set

- 18. Finally, attach the support rope with shackle and turnbuckle to a suspension loop (provided in the discharge tube or structure). Secure the turnbuckle with a split pin. After inserting the split pin, bend over its two legs.
- 19. Tighten the turnbuckle until the cable bundle is tight without lifting the pump off its seat
- 20. Unclip the hook of the lifting equipment from the lifting lug, free the electric cables from the manila rope and route them to the control cabinet.
- 21. Make sure that the top loose lifting lug is attached to the cable bundle to prevent noise and wear caused by chafing.
- 22. Remove the safety cover from the discharge tube and mount the discharge tube cover. Seal the cable entries if any!

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5.3.4 Installation with a support rope and support spacer

Always refer to and comply with the general arrangement drawing/outline drawing when installing the pump set.

- 1. Prior to installing the pump set, visually inspect the support rope.
- 2. Do not exceed the permissible load-carrying capacity.

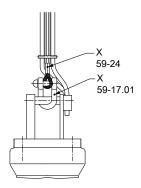


Fig. 18: X = indication of load-carrying capacity

59-24	Support rope
59-17.01	Shackle



CAUTION

Incorrect installation

Damage to the pump set!

▶ Verify that the pump set is correctly seated in the discharge tube.



MARNING

Pump set drops during the installation or removal process

Personal injury and damage to property!

- ▶ Never use the turnbuckle , shackle or discharge tube cover to lift the pump set.
- ▷ Always use lifting lug 59-47.



NOTE

Prior to fitting the turnbuckle, check that the corresponding split pin has not been cracked or chipped. If damaged, always use a new split pin.

- ✓ Suitably sized lifting equipment is available.
- ✓ The support has been supplied pre-assembled and is available for use.
- ✓ The support rope has been visually inspected.
- ✓ The split pin of the turnbuckle has been checked for any damage.

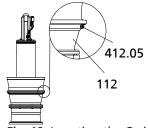


Fig. 19: Inserting the O-ring

1. If not already fitted, insert the supplied O-ring 412.05 into pump bowl 112.



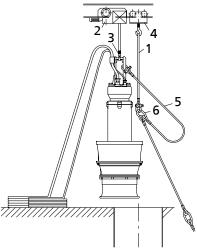


Fig. 20: Lifting and positioning the pump set

- 2. Secure the lifting chain or rope (1) to the trolley (4) of the lifting equipment (2).
- 3. Attach the support rope (5) to the bail by its shackle. Check that the support rope is arranged with the free lifting lug (6) pointing away from the pump set.
- 4. Partially unwind the support rope and cables.
- 5. Lower the pump set into the discharge tube until the bail is in an accessible position, protruding from the discharge tube.
- 6. Securely cover the discharge tube except for a gap which allows work to continue.
- 7. Attach the first lifting lug of the support rope (5) to the lifting rope (1) to securely position the pump set above the discharge tube.
- 8. Unclip the hook of the lifting equipment from the lifting lug of the support rope and run the lifting equipment to a higher level.

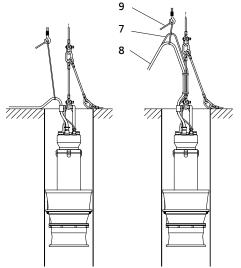


Fig. 21: Securing the control and power cables

- 9. Secure the control cable (7) and power cables (8) to the crane hook (3) of the lifting equipment with a manila rope (9).
- 10. Trim the spacer (a) to fit between the two ferrules.

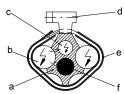


Fig. 22: Cross-section of the cable guide

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- 11. Insert the support rope (f) and the control cable (c) into the spacer (a) and make sure that they are in their respective ducts.
- 12. Tighten the cables with the manila rope running over the crane hook.
- 13. Insert the power cables (b) into the hollows of the spacer (a) and, starting from the bottom, firmly clamp the power cables with cable clamps (d) covered by a plastic sheath (e).
- 14. Progressively lower the pump set into the discharge tube while securing the cable bundle with evenly spaced sheathed cable clamps.
- 15. In the area of the lifting lug between the rope sections, lay all cables in loops and fasten them to the rope section above.
- 16. Fit a heat shrink tube on any protruding sharp-edged rope ends (e.g. at the ferrule) to prevent any damage to the power and control cables.
- 17. Trim the spacer (a) to suit the position of support 59-7 at the support rope (f) and the type of installation. Insert the support rope and control cable (c).
- 18. Insert the power cables (b) into the hollows of the spacer (a) and firmly clamp the power cables with cable clamps (d).

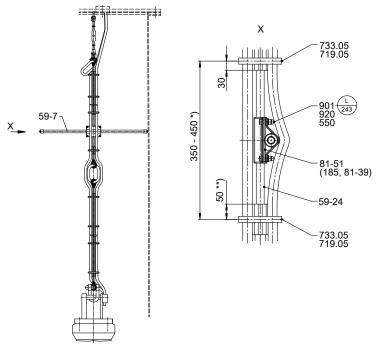


Fig. 23: Support rope with support, dimensions in mm

- *) depending on the cable cross-section,
- **) for 1 rope or 3 ropes = 30 mm
 - 19. Clamp support 59-7 with guide plate 55-1 to the support rope (f).
 - 20. Undo the screwed connection at the guide plate. Place clamp 81-39 of the guide plate around the support rope.
 - 21. Fasten plate 185 of the guide plate including the rod made of glass fibre reinforced plastics to the clamp with hexagon head bolts 901, discs 550 and cap nuts 920. Tighten the connection and secure it with Loctite 243. (⇒ Section 9.2, Page 82)



NOTE

The support must be clamped firmly to the support rope. If necessary, pad out clamp 81-39.

- 22. Trim the spacer to fill the space between the two ferrules and accommodate the support.
- 23. Guide the power and control cables along the support to the next cable clamp. Pull them taught and secure them with the clamp.



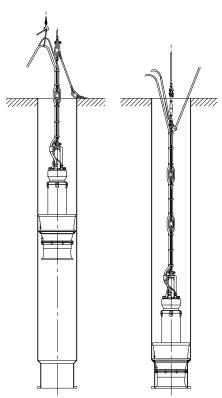


Fig. 24: Lowering the pump set

- 24. Progressively lower the pump set into the discharge tube. Secure the cables with cable clamps.
- 25. Finally, attach the support rope with shackle and turnbuckle to a suspension loop (provided in the discharge tube or structure). Secure the turnbuckle with a split pin. After inserting the split pin, bend over its two legs.
- 26. Tighten the turnbuckle until the cable bundle is tight but does not lift the pump off its seat.
- 27. Unclip the hook of the lifting equipment from the lifting lug, free the cables from the manila rope and route them to the control cabinet.
- 28. Make sure that the top loose lifting lug is attached to the cable bundle to prevent noise and wear caused by chafing.
- 29. Remove the safety cover from the discharge tube and mount the discharge tube cover. Seal the cable entries if any.

5.4 Electrical system

5.4.1 Information for planning the control system

For the electrical connection of the pump set observe the "Wiring diagrams" section. (⇒ Section 9.3, Page 84)

The pump set is supplied with power cables; it is wired for DOL starting. Star-delta starting is possible.



NOTE

When laying a cable between the control system and the pump set's connection point, verify that the number of cores is sufficient for the sensors. A minimum cross-section of 1.5 mm² is required.

The motors can be connected to electrical low-voltage grids with mains voltages and voltage tolerances to IEC 60038. The permissible tolerances must be observed.

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5.4.1.1 Setting the overload protection device

- 1. Protect the pump set against overloading by a thermal time-lag overload protection device in accordance with IEC 60947 and local regulations.
- 2. Set the overload protection device to the rated current specified on the name plate. (⇒ Section 4.4, Page 19)

5.4.1.2 Level control



A DANGER

Pump set running dry

Explosion hazard!

▶ Never allow an explosion-proof pump set to run dry!



CAUTION

Fluid level below the specified minimum

Damage to the pump set by cavitation!

▶ Never allow the fluid level to drop below the specified minimum.

Automatic operation of the pump set in a sump / tank requires the use of level control equipment.

Observe the minimum fluid level indicated. (⇒ Section 6.2.4.3, Page 45)

5.4.1.3 Operation on a frequency inverter

The pump set is driven by an induction machine to IEC 60034-12 designed for fixed speed operation. In accordance with IEC 60034-25, section 18, the pump set is suitable for operation on a frequency inverter.



NOTE

For pump sets with rated voltages exceeding 500 V, a dv/dt filter should be fitted at the output of the frequency inverter to reduce the rate of voltage rise to the limits specified in IEC 60034-25, Section 18. Otherwise a considerably reduced service life of the insulation system has to be expected.



DANGER

Operation outside the permitted frequency range

Explosion hazard

▶ Never operate an explosion-proof pump set outside the specified range.



A DANGER

Incorrect selection and setting of the frequency inverter

Explosion hazard!

Observe the following information on selecting and setting a frequency inverter.

Selection When selecting a frequency inverter, check the following details:

- Data provided by the manufacturer
- Electrical data of the pump set, particularly the rated current
- Only voltage source inverters (VSI) with pulse width modulation (PWM) and carrier frequencies between 1 and 16 kHz are suitable.



Setting Observe the following instructions for setting a frequency inverter:

Set the current limit to max. 1.2 times the rated current. The rated current is indicated on the name plate.

Start-up Observe the following instructions for starting the frequency inverter:

- Ensure short start ramps (maximum 5 seconds).
- Only start variable speed control after 2 minutes at the earliest. Pump start-up with long start ramps and low frequency may cause clogging.

Operation Observe the following limits during operation on a frequency inverter:

- Only utilise up to 95 % of the rated power P₂ indicated on the name plate.
- Frequency range 25 to 50 Hz

compatibility

Electromagnetic Operation on a frequency inverter produces interference emissions whose level varies depending on the inverter used (type, interference suppression, make). To prevent the drive system, consisting of a submersible motor and a frequency inverter, from exceeding any given limits always observe the EMC information provided by the inverter manufacturer. If the inverter manufacturer recommends a shielded power cable, make sure to use a submersible motor pump with shielded power cables.

Interference immunity

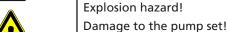
The submersible motor pump generally meets interference immunity requirements. For monitoring the sensors installed the operator must ensure sufficient interference immunity by appropriately selecting and laying the power cables in the plant. No modifications are required on the power/control cable of the submersible motor pump. Suitable analysing devices must be selected. To monitor the leakage sensor inside the motor using a special relay available from KSB is recommended.

5.4.1.4 Sensors



DANGER

Operating an incompletely connected pump set





▶ Never start up a pump set with incompletely connected electric cables or nonoperational monitoring devices.

CAUTION



Incorrect wiring Damage to the sensors!

▷ Observe the limits stated in the following sections of this manual when connecting the sensors.

The pump set features sensors designed to prevent hazards and damage to the pump

Measuring transducers are required for analysing the sensor signals supplied. Suitable devices for 230 V AC can be supplied by KSB.



NOTE

Reliable and safe operation of the pump within the scope of our warranty is only possible if the sensor signals are properly analysed as stipulated in this manual.

All sensors are located inside the pump set and are connected to the sensor cable.

For information on wiring and core marking see (⇒ Section 9.3, Page 84)

The individual sensors and the limit values to be set are described in the following sections.

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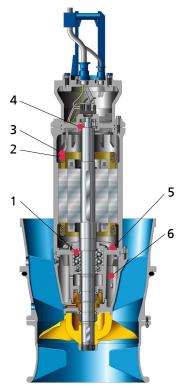


Fig. 25: Sensor positions

Position	Sensor	Standard	Optional
1	Bearing temperature (lower bearings)	X	-
2	Motor temperature (PT100)	-	X
3	Motor temperature (PTC)	X	-
4	Bearing temperature (upper bearing)	X	-
5	Leakage inside the motor	X	-
6	Mechanical seal leakage	X	-

5.4.1.4.1 Motor temperature



⚠ DANGER

Insufficient cooling

Explosion hazard!

Winding damage!



- ▶ Never operate a pump set without operational temperature monitoring equipment.
- ▶ For explosion-proof pump sets use a thermistor motor protection relay with manual reset and ATEX certification for monitoring the temperature of explosion-proof motors in "flameproof enclosure" type of protection.

The motor is monitored by three series-connected PTC thermistors with terminals 10 and 11. Tripping must result in the pump set cutting out. Automatic re-starting is not permitted.

On explosion-proof pump sets, they must be connected to a thermistor motor protection relay with manual reset and ATEX approval for monitoring the temperature of explosion-proof motors in "flameproof enclosure" type of protection.

Pt100 resistance thermometer

As an option, in addition to the above, the motor can be fitted with Pt100 resistance thermometers in the winding. These can be used to display the motor temperature (sensor circuit maximum 300mV/3 mA).



CAUTION

Temperature monitoring devices not properly connected

Winding damage!

Never use the Pt100 resistance thermometers as the only means of monitoring the motor temperature.

5.4.1.4.2 Leakage inside the motor



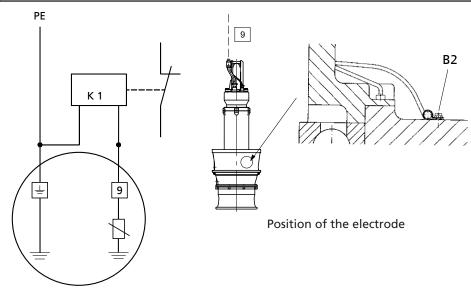
DANGER

Incorrect monitoring of leakage electrode

Explosion hazard!

Danger of death from electric shock!

▶ Voltages must be < 30 V AC and tripping currents < 0.5 mA.



Wiring of the electrode relay

An electrode fitted inside the motor monitors the winding space (B2) for leakage. The electrode is intended for connection to an electrode relay (core marking 9). Tripping of the electrode relay must result in the pump set cutting out.

The electrode relay (K1) must trip the motor at a tripping resistance between 3 and 60 $k\Omega$.

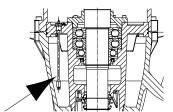


Fig. 26: Float switch

5.4.1.4.3 Mechanical seal leakage

The chamber for mechanical seal leakage is equipped with a float switch (core identification 3 and 4). The contact (maximum 250 V~/2 A) opens when leakage is detected in the leakage chamber. Opening of the contact shall trigger an alarm signal.

5.4.1.4.4 Bearing temperature

The bearings of the pump set are equipped with bearing temperature sensors. The two sensors are Pt100 resistance thermometers (core identification 15 and 16). They have to be connected to a temperature control device with a Pt100 input and 2 separate outputs for two different switching points (sensor circuit maximum 6 V/2 mA).

Set the following limits:

- Alert at 110 °C
- Cut-out of the pump set at 130 °C

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5.4.2 Electrical connection



A DANGER

Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger of death from electric shock and explosion!

- ▶ Always have the electrical connections installed by an electrically qualified person.
- ▷ Observe regulations IEC 60364 and, for explosion-proof versions, EN 60079 .



WARNING

Incorrect connection to the mains

Damage to the power supply network, short circuit!

▷ Observe the technical specifications of the local energy supply companies.

CAUTION



Improper routing of electric cables

Damage to the electric cables!

- ▶ Never move the electric cables at temperatures below -25 °C.
- ▶ Never kink or crush the electric cables.
- ▶ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- ▶ Adjust the length of the electric cables to the site requirements.

CAUTION



Motor overload

Damage to the motor!

Protect the motor by a thermal time-lag overload protection device in accordance with IEC 60947 and local regulations.

For the electrical connection observe the circuit diagrams (⇒ Section 9.3, Page 84) in the Annex and the information for planning the control system (⇒ Section 5.4.1, Page 35) .

The pump set is supplied complete with power cables. Always use all cables provided and connect all marked cores of the control cable.



⚠ DANGER

Incorrect wiring

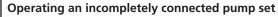


Explosion hazard!

▶ The connection point of the cable ends must be located outside of the potentially explosive atmosphere or inside electrical equipment approved to equipment category II2G.



⚠ DANGER



Explosion hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

▶ Never start up a pump set with incompletely connected electric cables or non-operational monitoring devices.



DANGER

Connection of damaged electric cables

Danger of death from electric shock!

- ▶ Check the electric cables for any damage before connecting them.
- Never connect damaged electric cables.
- ▶ Replace damaged electric cables.



CAUTION

Flow-induced motion

Damage to the power cable!

Prince Run the power cable upwards without slack.

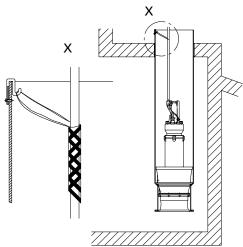


Fig. 27: Fastening the power cable

- 1. Run the power cables upwards without slack and fasten them.
- 2. Only remove the protective caps from the power cables immediately before connecting the cables.
- 3. If necessary, adjust the length of the power cables to the site requirements.
- 4. After shortening the cable, correctly re-affix the markings on the individual cores at the cable ends.

Potential equalisation The pump set is not fitted with an external potential equalisation connection (risk of corrosion).



DANGER

Incorrect wiring

Explosion hazard!

Explosion-proof pump sets installed in a tank must never be retrofitted with an external potential equalisation connection!



DANGER

Touching the pump set during operation

Electric shock!

▶ Make sure that the pump set cannot be touched during operation.

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6 Commissioning/Start-up/Shutdown

6.1 Commissioning/Start-up

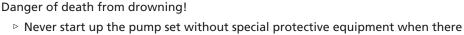
6.1.1 Prerequisites for commissioning/start-up

comply with the legal requirements.

DANGER

Operating the pump set without protective equipment

Risk of injury!



- are persons in the tank. ▶ If persons come into contact with the fluid handled during pump operation (e.g. in sports facilities and leisure parks), the plant designer/operator must
- Provide special electrical and mechanical protective equipment compliant with the legal regulations.



! WARNING

Operating the pump set without mechanical protective equipment

Risk of injury from solid matter in the fluid handled!

▶ If persons come into contact with the fluid handled during pump operation (e.g. in sports facilities and leisure parks), install mechanical protective equipment (e.g. a screen) on the discharge side of the pump set.



WARNING

People falling into the unsecured discharge tube

Risk of personal injury!

- ▶ Take suitable precautions during the entire installation/removal process to protect people from falling into the open discharge tube.
- ▶ Fence off the work area appropriately.

Before commissioning/starting up the pump set, make sure that the following conditions are met:

- The lubricant has been checked.
- The direction of rotation has been checked.
- The pump set has been properly connected to the power supply and is equipped with all protection devices.
- The pump set has been installed in the discharge tube as described in this manual.
- The minimum fluid level has been reached.
- After prolonged shutdown of the pump (set), the activities required for returning the equipment to service have been carried out. (⇒ Section 6.4, Page 47)
- Safety-relevant protective equipment must be installed and fully functional.



6.1.2 Start-up

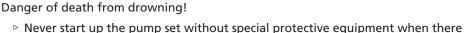


DANGER

Operating the pump set without protective equipment

Electric shock!

Risk of injury!



comply with the legal requirements.

- are persons in the tank. ▶ If persons come into contact with the fluid handled during pump operation (e.g. in sports facilities and leisure parks), the plant designer/operator must
- Provide special electrical and mechanical protective equipment compliant with the legal regulations.



CAUTION

Re-starting while motor is still running down

Damage to the pump set!

- Do not re-start the pump set before it has come to a standstill.
- ▶ Never start up the pump set while the pump is running in reverse.
- ✓ The fluid level is sufficiently high.



CAUTION

Start-up against a closed shut-off element

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Never operate the pump set against a closed shut-off element.
- 1. Fully open the discharge line shut-off element, if any.
- 2. Start up the pump set.

6.2 Operating limits

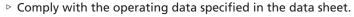


DANGER

Non-compliance with operating limits

Damage to the pump set!

Explosion hazard!



- ▶ Avoid operation below Q_{min}.
- ▶ Never operate an explosion-proof pump set at ambient temperatures or fluid temperatures exceeding those specified in the data sheet and/or on the name
- ▶ Never operate the pump set outside the limits specified below.





6.2.1 Operation on the power supply mains



DANGER

Permissible tolerances for operation on mains power exceeded

Explosion hazard!

▶ Never operate an explosion-proof pump (set) outside the specified range.

The maximum permissible deviation in supply voltage is $\pm 10\%$ of the rated voltage. The voltage difference between the individual phases must not exceed 1 %.

6.2.2 Frequency of starts



CAUTION

Excessive frequency of starts

Risk of damage to the motor!

▶ Never exceed the specified frequency of starts.

To prevent high temperature increases in the motor and excessive loads on the motor, seal elements and bearings, the frequency of starts shall not exceed 10 starts per hour.

These values apply to mains start-up (direct or with autotransformer, soft starter). This limitation does not apply to operation on a frequency converter.

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CAUTION

Re-starting while motor is still running down

Damage to the pump set!

- Do not re-start the pump set before it has come to a standstill.
- ▶ Never start up the pump set while the pump is running in reverse.

6.2.3 Operation on a frequency inverter



DANGER

Operation outside the permitted frequency range

Explosion hazard!

▶ Never operate an explosion-proof pump set outside the specified range.

Frequency inverter operation of the pump set is permitted in the frequency range from 25 to 50 Hz.

6.2.4 Fluid handled

6.2.4.1 Fluid temperature

The pump set is designed for transporting liquids. The pump set is not operational under freezing conditions.



CAUTION

Danger of freezing!

Damage to the pump set!

 $\,\,^{\triangleright}\,$ Drain the pump set or protect it against freezing.

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Refer to the maximum permissible fluid temperature and ambient temperature indicated on the name plate and/or in the data sheet.

6.2.4.2 Density of the fluid handled

The power input of the pump set will change in proportion to the density of the fluid handled.

CAUTION



Impermissibly high density of the fluid handled

Motor overload!

- Description Descri
- Make sure the motor has sufficient power reserves.

6.2.4.3 Minimum level of fluid handled



⚠ DANGER

Pump set running dry

Explosion hazard!

▶ Never allow an explosion-proof pump set to run dry!



CAUTION

Fluid level below the specified minimum

Damage to the pump set by cavitation and air-entraining vortices!

▶ Never allow the fluid level to drop below the specified minimum.

The pump set is ready for operation when the fluid level has reached dimension "t₁" as a minimum (see general arrangement drawing/outline drawing).

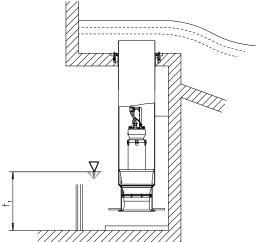


Fig. 28: Example: Minimum level of fluid handled

6.2.4.4 Abrasive fluids

Do not exceed the maximum permissible solids content specified in the data sheet. When the pump handles fluids containing abrasive substances, increased wear of the hydraulic system and shaft seal are to be expected. In this case, reduce the commonly recommended inspection intervals.

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6.3 Shutdown/storage/preservation

6.3.1 Shutdown

CAUTION



Uncontrolled backflow of the fluid from the riser

Damage to the pump set!

- Prevent any **uncontrolled** backflow of the fluid handled with suitable means.
- Control the fluid backflow, e.g. by throttling the gate valve in the discharge line.

6.3.2 Measures to be taken for shutdown



⚠ DANGER

Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger of death from electric shock!

- Always have the electrical connections installed by a trained and qualified electrician.
- ▶ Observe the EN 61557 regulations as well as any regional regulations.



WARNING

Unintentional starting of the pump set

Risk of injury by moving components and shock currents!

- ▶ Ensure that the pump set cannot be started unintentionally.
- ▶ Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before carrying out work on the pump set.



! WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Risk of injury!

- ▷ Observe all relevant laws.
- ▶ When draining the fluid take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment.
- Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.



CAUTION

Danger of frost/freezing

Damage to the pump set!

▶ If there is any danger of frost/freezing, remove the pump set from the fluid handled and clean, preserve and store it.

The pump set remains installed

intake area.

- ✓ Make sure sufficient fluid is available for the functional check run of the pump set.
- For prolonged shutdown periods, start up the pump set regularly once every three months. Let it run for about one minute.
 This will prevent the formation of deposits within the pump and the pump

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The pump (set) is removed from the pipe and stored

- ✓ All safety regulations are observed.
- 1. Clean the pump set.
- 2. Spray-coat the inside wall of the pump casing and, in particular, the impeller clearance areas with a preservative.

6.4 Returning to service

For returning the pump set to service, observe the instructions on commissioning/ start-up. (⇒ Section 6.1, Page 42)

Refer to and comply with the operating limits.

For returning the pump set to service after storage also follow the instructions for maintenance/inspection.



M WARNING

Failure to re-install or re-activate protective devices

Risk of injury from moving parts or escaping fluid!

As soon as the work is completed, properly re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices.



NOTE

On pumps/pump sets older than 5 years we recommend replacing all elastomer seals.

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7 Servicing/Maintenance

7.1 Safety regulations

The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.



DANGER

ZZ DANGE



Sparks produced during servicing work

Explosion hazard!

- ▶ Observe the safety regulations in force at the place of installation!
- ▶ Never open an energised pump set.
- Always perform maintenance work on explosion-proof pump sets outside potentially explosive atmospheres only.

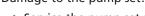


DANGER

Improperly serviced pump set

Explosion hazard!

Damage to the pump set!



- $\,^{\triangleright}\,$ Service the pump set regularly.
- Prepare a maintenance schedule with special emphasis on lubricants, electric cables, bearing assembly and shaft seal.



DANGER

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Danger to life from falling parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- Use suitable transport equipment, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.
- ▶ Use the attachment point provided for attaching the lifting accessory.
- ▶ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- Use the lifting chain/rope included in the scope of supply exclusively for lowering or lifting the pump set into/out of the pump sump.
- ▷ Securely attach the lifting chain/rope to the pump and crane.
- Use tested, marked and approved lifting accessories only.
- Observe the regional transport regulations.
- ▷ Observe the documentation of the lifting accessory manufacturer.
- ▶ The load-carrying capacity of the lifting accessory must be higher than the weight indicated on the name plate of the pump set to be lifted. Take into account any additional system components to be lifted.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).





Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger of death from electric shock!

- Always have the electrical connections installed by a trained and qualified electrician.
- ▶ Observe the EN 61557 regulations as well as any regional regulations.



A DANGER



Risk of falling when working at a great height

Danger to life by falling from a great height!

- Do not step onto the pump (set) during installation work or dismantling work.
- Pay attention to safety equipment, such as railings, covers, barriers, etc.
- Observe the applicable local health and occupational safety regulations and accident prevention regulations.



WARNING

Unintentional starting of the pump set

Risk of injury by moving components and shock currents!

- ▶ Ensure that the pump set cannot be started unintentionally.
- ▶ Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before carrying out work on the pump set.



WARNING

Hands, other body parts or foreign objects in the impeller or intake area

Risk of injury! Damage to the submersible motor pump!

- Never insert your hands, other body parts or foreign objects into the impeller or impeller intake area.
- Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before checking whether the impeller rotates freely.



MARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Risk of injury!

- Description Observe all relevant laws.
- When draining the fluid take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment
- Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.



MARNING

Hot surface

Risk of injury!

▶ Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.



MARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

▶ Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

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MARNING

Insufficient stability

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

During assembly/dismantling, secure the pump (set)/pump parts to prevent tilting or tipping over.



WARNING

Corrosion on the pump set

Risk of injury from solid matter in the fluid handled!

▶ If persons come into contact with the fluid handled during pump operation (e.g. in sports facilities and leisure parks), check the pump set for corrosion regularly and adhere to the maintenance interval specified.



NOTE

Special regulations apply to repair work on explosion-proof pump sets. Modification or alteration of the pump set may affect explosion protection and are only permitted after consultation with the manufacturer.

A regular maintenance schedule will help avoid expensive repairs and contribute to trouble-free, reliable operation of the pump, pump set and pump parts with a minimum of servicing/maintenance expenditure and work.



NOTE

All maintenance work, service work and installation work can be carried out by KSB Service or authorised workshops. Find your contact in the attached Addresses booklet or visit https://www.ksb.com/en-global/contact.

Never use force when dismantling and reassembling the pump set.

7.2 Maintenance/inspection

KSB recommends the following regular maintenance schedule:

Table 8: Overview of maintenance work

Maintenance interval	Maintenance work	For details see
First check after at least 6 months; interval can be extended to 12 months (in sports facilities and leisure parks)	Visually inspecting for corrosion	(⇒ Section 7.3.6, Page 56)
Every 4000 hours, at least once a year	Measuring the insulation resistance	(⇔ Section 7.2.1.1, Page 51)
Every 8000 hours, at	Checking the cable bundle	(⇒ Section 7.3.3, Page 54)
least every 3 years	Checking the earth conductor	(⇒ Section 7.3.4, Page 54)
	Checking the sensors	(⇒ Section 7.2.1.2, Page 51)
	Checking the mechanical seal leakage	(⇒ Section 7.3.5, Page 55)
	Changing the lubricant	(⇒ Section 7.4.1.4, Page 57)
Every 16,000 hours, at least every 5 years	Lubricating the rolling element bearings	(⇒ Section 7.4.2.1, Page 58)
	General overhaul	

On pump sets with sacrificial anodes, the sacrificial anodes must initially be checked after 6 months. If necessary, the sacrificial anodes must be replaced. If the sacrificial anodes show little wear, the maintenance interval can be extended to 12 months.

7.2.1 Inspection work

7.2.1.1 Measuring the insulation resistance

Measure the insulation resistance of the motor winding during annual maintenance work.

- ✓ The pump set has been disconnected in the control cabinet.
- ✓ Use an insulation resistance measuring device.
- √ The recommended measuring voltage equals 500 V (maximum permissible 1000 V).
- 1. Measure the winding to chassis ground.

 To do so, connect all winding ends together.
- 2. Measure the winding temperature sensors to chassis ground.

 To do so, connect all core ends of the winding temperature sensors together and connect all winding ends to chassis ground.
- \Rightarrow The insulation resistance of the core ends to chassis ground must not be lower than 1 $\mbox{M}\Omega.$

If the resistance measured is lower, power cable and motor resistance must be measured separately. Disconnect the power cable from the motor for this purpose.



NOTE

If the insulation resistance of the power cable is lower than 1 M Ω , the power cable is defective and must be replaced.



NOTE

If the insulation resistances measured on the motor are too low, the winding insulation is defective. The pump set must not be returned to service in this case.

7.2.1.2 Checking the sensors



CAUTION

Excessive test voltage

Damage to the sensors!

▶ Use a commercially available ohmmeter to measure the resistance.

The tests described below measure the resistance at the core ends of the control cable. The actual sensor function is not tested.

Temperature sensors in the motor winding

Temperature sensors in the Table 9: Resistance measurement

Measurement between terminals	Resistance	
	[Ω]	
10 and 11	200 - 1000	
31 and 32 ³⁾	100 - 120	

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³ Optional



If the specified tolerances are exceeded, disconnect the power cable at the pump set and repeat the check inside the motor.

If the tolerances are exceeded here, too, the motor section has to be opened and overhauled. The temperature sensors are fitted in the stator winding and cannot be replaced.

If the sensors are defective, use the back-up sensors provided at the same place in the stator winding.

motor

Leakage sensor in the Table 10: Resistance measurement of the leakage sensor in the motor

Measurement between terminals	Resistance	
	[kΩ]	
9 and earth conductor (PE)	> 60	

Lower resistance values suggest water ingress into the motor. In this case the motor section must be opened and serviced.

Float switch (mechanical seal leakage)

Table 11: Resistance measurement of the float switch

Measurement between terminals	Resistance	
	[Ω]	
3 and 4	< 1	

If the readings suggest an open switch, check for mechanical seal leakage.

Bearing temperature sensor Table 12: Resistance measurement of the bearing temperature sensor

Measurement between terminals	Resistance
	[Ω]
15 and 16	100 to 120
16 and 17	100 to 120

If the measured value is within the permissible tolerance range after the tripping unit of the temperature sensor tripped the pump, the rolling element bearings must be checked and replaced, if required.

7.3 Removing the pump set

7.3.1 Removing the pump set



DANGER

Risk of injury!

Insufficient preparation of work on the pump (set)



- Properly shut down the pump set.
- ▷ Close the shut-off elements in the suction line and discharge line.
- Drain the pump and release the pump pressure.
- Shut off any auxiliary feed lines.
- ▶ Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.



WARNING

Incorrect handling of the electric cable

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Secure electric cables against falling down.
- ▶ Avoid electric cables being laid on surfaces without fastening.
- ▶ When moving the pump set keep at a safe distance to the electric cables.

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WARNING

People falling into the unsecured discharge tube

Risk of personal injury!

- ▶ Take suitable precautions during the entire installation/removal process to protect people from falling into the open discharge tube.
- ▶ Fence off the work area appropriately.



MARNING

Turnbuckle and shackle are not suitable for lifting the pump set

Risk of injury!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Always use the lifting lugs of the support rope to lift the pump set.
- ✓ The power cables have been disconnected and secured against unintentional start-up.
- ✓ The discharge tube is open; its opening is securely covered except for a gap allowing work to continue.
- ✓ Suitable lifting equipment is provided.
- 1. Attach the lifting chain or lifting rope to the trolley.
- 2. Free the uppermost lifting lug from the cables, attach it to the crane hook and run the lifting equipment to a higher level.
- 3. Open and disconnect the turnbuckle.



NOTE

Prevent any loose parts from falling into the pump sump!

- 4. Pull the pump set up until it reaches the second lifting lug of the cable bundle.
- 5. Attach the lifting chain or lifting rope with the shackle to the first lifting lug (together with the crane hook).
- 6. Unclip the crane hook and attach it to the second lifting lug.
- 7. Pull the pump set up until it reaches the third lifting lug. Free the lifting chain or lifting rope from the first lifting lug and attach it to the third lifting lug.
- 8. Pull the pump set up until it reaches the fourth lifting lug. Unclip the crane hook and attach it to the fourth lifting lug.
- 9. Repeat this procedure until the pump bail is located above the discharge tube, then attach it to the crane hook.
- 10. Remove the safety cover from the discharge tube.
- 11. Extract the pump set from the discharge tube, move it sideways and place it down.



MARNING

Pump set tilting

Risk of squashing hands and feet!

▶ Suspend or support the pump set.

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CAUTION



Improper storage

Damage to the power cables!

- Support the power cables at the cable entry to prevent permanent deformation.
- ▶ Protect the core ends against moisture.
- 12. To prevent the pump set from tipping over, do not disconnect it from the hook of the lifting equipment.
- 13. Clean the pump set (e.g. with water).
- 14. Collect and properly dispose of any cleaning liquid.

7.3.2 Drainage/cleaning



♠ WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- ▶ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Dobserve all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.
- 1. Always flush the pump if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.
- 2. Always flush and clean the pump before transporting it to the workshop. Provide a certificate of decontamination for the pump set. (⇒ Section 11, Page 108)

7.3.3 Checking the cable bundle

When removing the pump set from the discharge tube, check the hoisting rope and the cables for any damage. Replace any damaged components by original spare parts.

Longer sections of combined cables must be dismantled:

- 1. Remove the cables from the cable clamps.
- 2. Remove the spacer.
- 3. Roll up the cables and place them next to the pump set.
- 4. Undo the shackle to separate the support rope from the pump set.

7.3.4 Checking the earth conductor

- 1. Measure the resistance between earth conductor and earth. The resistance must be below 1 Ω .
- 2. Replace any damaged components by original spare parts.



⚠ DANGER

Defective earth conductor

Electric shock!

▶ Never switch on a pump set with a defective earth conductor.



7.3.5 Checking the mechanical seal for leakage





Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- ▶ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Description Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.



WARNING

Excess pressure inside the pump set

Risk of injury when opening the pump set!

▶ Take care when opening the inner chambers. Equalise the pressure.



NOTE

Slight wear of the mechanical seal is unavoidable. This will be aggravated by abrasive substances contained in the fluid handled.

Checking the leakage chamber serves to assess the function of the drive-end mechanical seal.

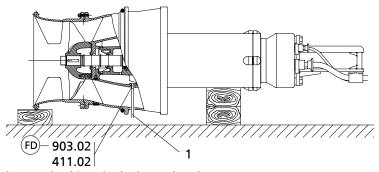


Fig. 29: Checking the leakage chamber

Table 13: Symbols key

9	Symbol	Description
		Always apply a liquid sealant (e.g. Hylomar SQ32M) to sealing surfaces marked with this symbol.

- ✓ A suitable container for the leakage is on hand.
- The pump set is positioned horizontally on a level surface and is protected against rolling off.
- 1. Place the container underneath screw plug 903.02.
- 2. Remove screw plug 903.02 and joint ring 411.02.
- 3. Screw in a sufficiently long tube (1) with G 1/2 thread.
- 4. Carefully rotate the pump set until the opening of the leakage chamber points downwards.
 - ⇒ If there is no leakage or, after several years of operation, only a small amount (less than 0.3 litres), the mechanical seals are working properly. If the leakage exceeds 0.3 litres, the mechanical seals are defective and must be replaced.
- 5. Unscrew the tube (1).
- 6. Re-insert and tighten screw plug 903.02 with new joint ring 411.02.

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7.3.6 Visually inspecting for corrosion.

- ✓ The pump set has been removed from the system.
- 1. Conduct a visual inspection of the pump set.
 - Clearly visible corrosion: Replace defective components and check corrosion protection.
 - ⇒ No visible corrosion: Extend visual inspection interval to 12 months.

7.4 Lubrication and lubricant change

7.4.1 Lubricating the mechanical seal





DANGER

Excessive temperatures at the shaft seal

Explosion hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

▶ Regularly check the condition of the lubricant in the lubricant reservoir of the mechanical seal. Top it up if required.

The mechanical seal is supplied with lubricating liquid from the lubricant reservoir.

7.4.1.1 Intervals

Replace the lubricant every 8000 operating hours but at least every 3 years.

7.4.1.2 Lubricant quality

The lubricant reservoir is filled at the factory with environmentally friendly, non-toxic lubricant of medicinal quality (unless otherwise specified by the customer). The following lubricants can be used to lubricate the mechanical seals:

Table 14: Lubricant quality

Description	Properties	
Paraffin oil or white oil	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C	< 20 mm ² /s
Alternative: motor oil grades SAE 10W to SAE 20W	Flash point (to Cleveland)	> 160 °C
	Solidification point (pour point)	< -15 °C

Recommended lubricants:

- Merkur WOP 40 PB, made by SASOL
- Merkur white oil Pharma 40, made by DEA
- Thin-bodied paraffin oil
 - No. 7174, made by Merck
- · Equivalent brands of medical quality, non-toxic
- Water/glycol mixture





Lubricant contaminating fluid handled

Hazard to persons and the environment!

▶ Using machine oil is only permitted if the oil is disposed of properly.



7.4.1.3 Lubricant quantity

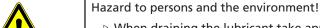
Table 15: Lubricant quantity

Size	Lubricant quantity		
	[1]		
500 - 270	0.46		
600 - 350	0.65		

7.4.1.4 Changing the lubricant



Lubricants posing a health hazard and/or hot lubricants



- ▶ When draining the lubricant take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment.
- Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Collect and dispose of any lubricants.
- ▶ Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.



WARNING

Excess pressure inside the pump set

Risk of injury when opening the pump set!

▶ Take care when opening the inner chambers. Equalise the pressure.





Improper handling when placing the pump set in a vertical/horizontal position Personal injury and damage to property!

- Select suitable lifting equipment for the size of the pump.
- ▶ Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting, tipping over or rolling off.
- ▶ Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).
- ▶ Use additional supports for the transport holder to secure it against tilting.

7.4.1.4.1 Draining the lubricant

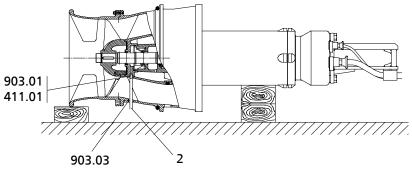


Fig. 30: Draining the lubricant

- 1. Place the pump set down in a horizontal position. Secure it against rolling off.
- 2. Remove screw plug 903.03.
- 3. Remove screw plug 903.01 and joint ring 411.01.
- 4. Screw in a sufficiently long tube (2) with G 1/2 thread.

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- 5. Carefully rotate the pump set until the tube points downwards.
- 6. Collect the lubricant in a suitable container and dispose of it.
- 7. Remove the tube. Fit screw plug 903.01 and joint ring 411.01 again.
- 8. Re-insert and tighten screw plug 903.03.

7.4.1.4.2 Filling in the lubricant

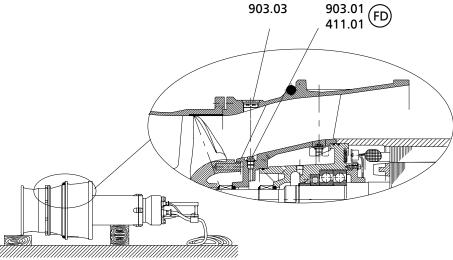


Fig. 31: Filling in the lubricant

Table 16: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
FD	Always apply a liquid sealant (e.g. Hylomar SQ32M) to sealing surfaces marked with this symbol.

- Place the pump set down in a horizontal position and make sure it cannot roll
 off.
- 2. Remove screw plug 903.03.
- 3. Remove screw plug 903.01 and joint ring 411.01.
- 4. Screw in a sufficiently long tube with G 1/2 thread.
- 5. Fill the lubricant in through the tube.
- 6. Remove the tube. Apply a liquid sealant to screw plug 903.01. Screw the plug in together with a new joint ring 411.01.
- 7. Insert and tighten screw plug 903.03.

7.4.2 Lubricating the rolling element bearings

The pump set is equipped with grease-lubricated, maintenance-free rolling element bearings.

7.4.2.1 Intervals

Change the grease when carrying out a general overhaul but at least every 5 years.

7.4.2.2 Grease quality



CAUTION

Mix of different grease types

Damage to the pump set!

- ▶ Make sure to use the right type of grease.
- ▶ Never mix different types of grease.

The following greases can be used to lubricate the rolling element bearings:

Table 17: Lubricant characteristics

Base oil	Туре	Thickener	NLGI grade (ISO 2137)	Worked penetration at 25 °C, 0.1 mm	Drop point (ISO 2176) [°C]	Application temperature range	Viscosity (DIN 51562) [mm²/s]	
				(ISO 2137)		[°C]	at 40 °C	at 100 ℃
Ester oil	А	Polyurea	2	265 to 295	> 250	-40 to +180	100	11

The re-lubrication and maintenance intervals apply to the grease type originally used by the manufacturer:

 Type A: Klüberquiet BQH 72-102, made by Klüber Lubrication KG, München (⇒ Section 7.4.2.1, Page 58)

7.4.2.3 Grease quantity

Table 18: Grease quantity

Pump size	Grease type	Grease quantity	
		Drive end Pump end	
		[cm³]	[cm³]
500 - 270	Type A	30	140
600 - 350	Type A	30	280

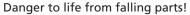
7.5 Dismantling the pump set

7.5.1 General information/Safety regulations



DANGER

Improper transport





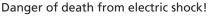


- ▶ Use the attachment point provided (eyebolt, lifting lug or bail) for attaching lifting accessories.
- ▶ Never suspend the pump set by its power cable.
- ▶ Never use the lifting ropes included in KSB's scope of supply for lifting loads other than the KSB product supplied.
- Securely attach the lifting ropes to the pump and crane.



A DANGER

Hazardous voltage





- Observe the safety rules for electrical work.
- Disconnect the equipment from the power supply.
- Secure the equipment against unintentional start-up.
- Verify that the equipment is de-energised.
- ▶ Earth and short-circuit the medium-voltage components.
- ▷ Cover any adjacent components that are connected to the power supply.

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MARNING

Unqualified personnel performing work on the pump (set)

Risk of injury!

▶ Always have repair work and maintenance work performed by specially trained, qualified personnel.



MARNING

Hot surface

Risk of injury!

▶ Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.



WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.



MARNING

Excess pressure inside the pump set

Risk of injury when opening the pump set!

▶ Take care when opening the inner chambers. Equalise the pressure.



WARNING

Components with sharp edges

Risk of cutting or shearing injuries!

- ▶ Always use appropriate caution for installation and dismantling work.
- ▶ Wear work gloves.



WARNING

Pump set tilting or rolling off

Risk of personal injury!

- Make sure the pump set is secured against tilting during the entire dismantling process.
- ▶ For dismantling the pump set in a horizontal position, secure it against rolling off.

Observe the general safety instructions and information.

For dismantling and reassembly observe the general assembly drawing.

In the event of damage you can always contact our service departments.

7.5.2 Preparing the pump set

- 1. De-energise the pump set and secure it against unintentional start-up.
- 2. Remove the pump set from the discharge tube. (\Leftrightarrow Section 7.3.1, Page 52)
- 3. Clean the pump set. (⇒ Section 7.3.2, Page 54)
- 4. Drain the lubricant. (⇒ Section 7.4.1.4, Page 57)
- 5. Drain the leakage chamber and leave it open for the duration of the disassembly. (⇒ Section 7.3.5, Page 55)



7.5.3 Removing the bellmouth

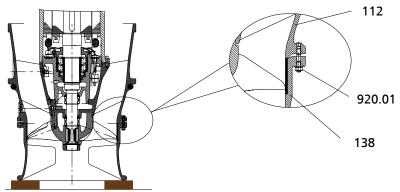


Fig. 32: Removing the bellmouth

- ✓ The pump set has been disconnected from the power supply and secured against unintentional start-up.
- ✓ The pump set has been placed in a vertical position with the bellmouth on wooden supports. It has been secured against tipping over.
- 1. Undo nuts 920.01.
- 2. Attach the eye hook to the bail and lift the pump set off bellmouth 138.
- 3. Place the pump set in a horizontal position on wooden supports. Secure it against rolling off.

7.5.4 Removing the impeller

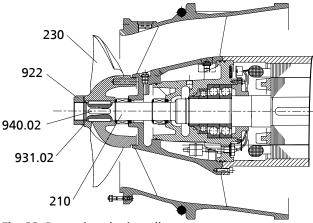


Fig. 33: Removing the impeller

- ✓ The pump has been placed on wooden supports in a horizontal position and is protected against rolling off.
- ✓ The lubricant and leakage have been drained.
- 1. Undo lock washer 931.02.
- 2. Undo impeller nut 922.
- 3. Pull impeller 230 off shaft 210.
- 4. Remove keys 940.02 from shaft 210.
- 5. Protect the shaft thread against damage.

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7.5.5 Removing the mechanical seal

7.5.5.1 Impeller-end mechanical seal

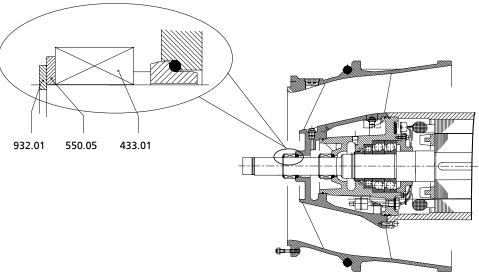


Fig. 34: Removing the impeller-end mechanical seal

- ✓ The pump set has been securely placed in a horizontal position on wooden supports. (⇒ Section 3.2, Page 12)
- ✓ The impeller has been removed.
- 1. Remove circlip 932.01 and disc 550.05.
- 2. Pull mechanical seal 433.01 off the shaft.



NOTE

To protect the mechanical seal against damage when pulling it off the shaft placing a foil (no thicker than 0.3 mm) around the free shaft stub is recommended.

7.5.5.2 Drive-end mechanical seal

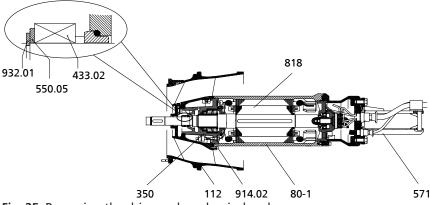


Fig. 35: Removing the drive-end mechanical seal

- ✓ The impeller-end mechanical seal has been removed.
- 1. Attach the pump set to the lifting tackle and pull it upright. (⇒ Section 3.2, Page 12) Place the pump set down with pump bowl 112 on the bellmouth.
- 2. Undo socket head cap screws 914.02.
- 3. Attach the lifting tackle to bail 571 and lift the pump set out of pump bowl 112.



- 4. Place motor unit 80-1 including rotor 818 with bearing and bearing housing 350 on a wooden support and protect it against rolling off. (⇒ Section 3.2, Page 12)
- 5. Remove circlip 932.01 and disc 550.05.
- 6. Carefully pull mechanical seal 433.02 and the mating ring of the mechanical seal off the shaft.

7.5.6 Dismantling the motor section



NOTE

Special regulations apply to repair work on explosion-proof pump sets. Modifications or alteration of the pump set may affect explosion protection and are only permitted after consultation with the manufacturer.

NOTE



The motors of explosion-proof pump sets are supplied in "flameproof enclosure" type of protection. Any work on the motor section which could affect explosion protection, such as re-winding and repair work involving machining, must be inspected and approved by an approved expert or performed by the motor manufacturer. No modifications must be made to the internal configuration of the motor space. Repair work at the flameproof joints must only be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Repair in accordance with the values specified in EN 60079-1 Table 2 is not permitted.

When dismantling the motor section and the electric cables make sure that the cores/ terminals are clearly marked for future reassembly.

7.5.6.1 Removing the motor housing cover

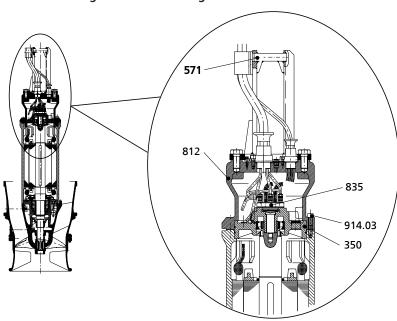


Fig. 36: Removing the motor housing cover

- ✓ Suitable lifting equipment is provided.
- ✓ The pump set has been disconnected from the power supply. It has been securely placed on a level surface in a vertical position.
- 1. Attach bail 571 to the lifting equipment.
- 2. Undo hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03.
- 3. Carefully lift off motor housing cover 812.
- 4. Remove the cable ties.

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- 5. Lift the motor housing cover up further until the power and control cables can be disconnected.
- 6. Disconnect the cores of the control cable from the corresponding connector.
- 7. Disconnect the cores of the power cable from terminal board 835. Disconnect the earth conductor and the shield of shielded cables from bearing housing 350.
- 8. Place motor housing cover 812 down and secure it against rolling off.

7.5.6.2 Removing the cable gland and connection cable

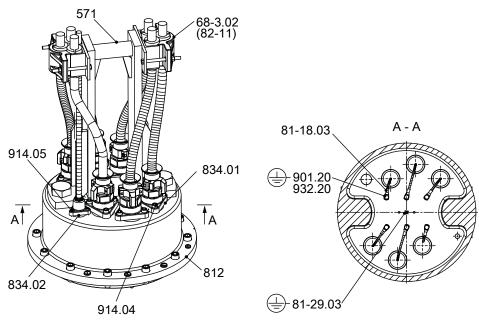


Fig. 37: Removing the cables and cable gland

Removing the power cable

- ✓ The motor housing cover has been removed, placed down and protected against rolling off.
- 1. Remove cover plate 82-11 or 68-3.02 from bail 571. Take out the cable gland 834.01/02 needing to be replaced.
- 2. Disconnect the earth connector on the inside of motor housing cover 812. If a shielded cable is used, disconnect the shield as well.
- 3. Undo screws 914.04 at cable gland 834.01.
- 4. Pull cable gland 834.01 out of the centring seat in motor housing cover 812.

Removing the sensor cable

- ✓ The motor housing cover has been removed, placed down and protected against rolling off.
- 1. Disconnect the cores of the sensor cable from plug 81-2.
- 2. Undo screws 914.05 at cable gland 834.02.
- 3. Pull cable gland 834.02 out of the centring seat in motor housing cover 812.



NOTE

Keeping a record of the core identification and lengths is recommended. This will facilitate installing the replacement cable gland.

7.6 Reassembling the pump set

7.6.1 General information/Safety regulations



Wrong screws/bolts

Explosion hazard!

- Always use the original screws/bolts for assembling an explosion-proof pump set.
- ▶ Never use screws/bolts of different dimensions or of a lower property class.

MARNING



Screwed/bolted connections working loose

Risk of injury!

▶ If persons come into contact with the fluid handled during pump operation (e.g. in sports facilities and leisure parks), apply a thread-locking agent (Loctite, type 243) to all screwed/bolted connections that are in contact with the fluid handled. Do not apply the thread-locking agent (Loctite, type 243) to the screw plugs.



MARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.



WARNING

Components with sharp edges

Risk of cutting or shearing injuries!

- ▶ Always use appropriate caution for installation and dismantling work.
- ▶ Wear work gloves.



MARNING

Insufficient stability

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

During assembly/dismantling, secure the pump (set)/pump parts to prevent tilting or tipping over.

CAUTION



Improper reassembly

Damage to the pump!

- ▶ Reassemble the pump (set) in accordance with the general rules of sound engineering practice.
- ▶ Use original spare parts only.

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NOTE

Before reassembling the motor section, check that all joints relevant to explosion protection (flamepaths) are undamaged. Any components with damaged flamepaths must be replaced. Only use original spare parts made by KSB for explosion-proof pumps. Observe the flamepath positions specified in the Annex (Flamepaths on explosion-proof motors). Secure all screwed/bolted connections closing off the flameproof enclosure with a thread-locking agent (Loctite Type 243).



NOTE

Apply liquid sealant to all screw plugs. Apply liquid sealant to all wetted clearances (e.g. Hylomar SQ 32M).

Sequence

Always reassemble the pump set in accordance with the corresponding general assembly drawing.

Sealing elements

- O-rings
 - Check O-rings for any damage and replace by new O-rings if required.
 - Never use O-rings that have been made by cutting an O-ring cord to size and gluing the ends together.
- Assembly adhesives
 - Avoid the use of assembly adhesives if possible.

Tightening torques For reassembly, tighten all screws and bolts as specified in this manual.. In addition, secure all screwed/bolted connections closing off the flameproof enclosure with a thread-locking agent (Loctite, type 243).

7.6.2 Installing the replacement cable gland

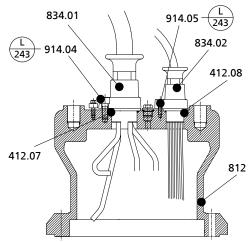


Fig. 38: Installing the cable gland

Table 19: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
L 243	Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243.

Installing the power cable

- √ The motor housing cover has been removed, placed down and protected against rolling off.
- 1. Adjust the lengths of the cable cores to those of the original cable gland.
- 2. Attach core identifications matching the original cable gland.
- 3. Slide O-ring 412.07 onto the core ends of the power cable and into the groove of the centring seat.

- 4. Insert cable gland 834.01 with the power cable and O-ring 412.07 into the opening provided.
- 5. Fasten cable gland 834.01 with hexagon socket head cap screws 914.04. Secure the screwed connection with Loctite 243.
- 6. Fit cable terminals to the core ends of the power cable.

Installing the sensor cable

- ✓ The motor housing cover has been removed, placed down and protected against rolling off.
- 1. Adjust the lengths of the cable cores to those of the original cable gland.
- 2. Attach core identifications matching the original cable gland.
- 3. Slide O-ring 412.08 over the short core ends of the sensor cable and into the groove of the centring seat.
- 4. Insert cable gland 834.02 with the sensor cable and O-ring 412.08 into the opening provided.
- 5. Fasten cable gland 834.02 with hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05 and secure the screwed connection with Loctite 243.

7.6.3 Fitting the motor housing cover



DANGER

Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger of death from electric shock and explosion!



- Always have the electrical connections installed by an electrically qualified person.
- ▷ Observe regulations IEC 60364 and, for explosion-proof versions, EN 60079 .

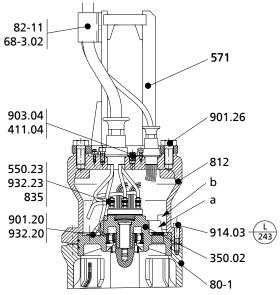


Fig. 39: Fitting the motor housing cover

a Anti-rotation device of the b	Recess for anti-rotation device in
bearing housing	the motor housing cover

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Table 20: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
I (Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243.

- ✓ A new O-ring has been inserted into the groove of bearing housing 350.02.
 - 1. Attach lifting tackle to bail 571, lift up motor housing cover 812 and lower it down onto bearing housing 350.02 until only a gap remains which allows work to continue.
 - 2. Connect the control cable to the terminal strip as indicated.
 - 3. Connect the power cable cores to terminal board 835 with disc 550.23, circlip 932.23 and nuts in accordance with the wiring diagram.
- 4. Fasten the earth conductor (conductor marking green/yellow) of the power cable to bearing housing 350.02 with bolt 901.20 and spring washer 932.20.
- 5. Tie the control and power cables together with cable ties.
- 6. Slowly lower motor housing cover 812 onto motor housing 811. Align the antirotation device of the bearing housing with the recess in the motor housing cover.
- 7. Fasten motor housing cover 812 to motor housing 811 or motor unit 80-1 with hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03. Secure the screwed connection with Loctite 243.
 - Observe the tightening torque! (⇒ Section 7.8, Page 75)
- 8. Prepare the motor for the leak test. Undo bolts 901.26 at bail 571 to gain access to the screw plugs for the leak test.
- 9. Perform the leak test. (⇒ Section 7.6.7.2, Page 74)
- 10. Fasten bail 571 with hexagon head bolts 901.26.
 Observe the tightening torque. (⇒ Section 7.8, Page 75)
- 11. Insert the power and control cables with cable protectors 81-97 into cover plate 82-11 or 68-3.02.
- 12. Fasten the cover plate to the bail.

7.6.4 Installing the mechanical seal

Observe the following to ensure trouble-free operation of the mechanical seal:

- Only remove the protective wrapping of the contact faces immediately before assembly takes place.
- The shaft surface must be absolutely clean and undamaged.
- Immediately before installing the mechanical seal, wet the contact faces with a drop of oil.
- For easier installation of bellows-type mechanical seals, wet the inside diameter of the bellows or the O-rings with soapy water (not oil).
- Cover any grooves in the shaft into which the O-rings could slide with suitable means or assembly aids.
- To prevent any damage to the rubber bellows, place a thin foil (of approximately 0.1 to 0.3 mm thickness) around the free shaft stub.
 Slide the rotating assembly over the foil into its installation position.
 Then remove the foil.



7.6.4.1 Drive-end mechanical seal

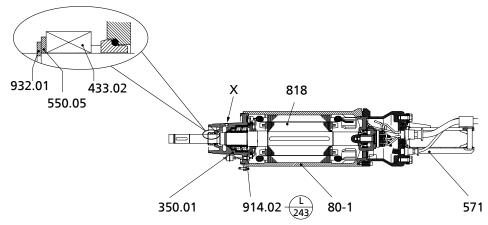


Fig. 40: Installing the drive-end mechanical seal

Table 21: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
l (Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243.

- The pump set has been positioned horizontally on suitable wooden supports and is protected against rolling off.
- 1. Use a suitable sleeve to press the mating ring of mechanical seal 433.02 including an O-ring into the indicated drilled seat of bearing housing 350.01.
- 2. Slide the bellows part of mechanical seal 433.02 onto the shaft until it rests against the mating ring.
- 3. Slide disc 550.05 and circlip 932.01 onto the shaft. Press the circlip in with an assembly sleeve until it is axially fastened in the shaft groove.
- 4. Screw the testing device into the leakage drain hole (X) of bearing housing 350.01 and perform a leak test. (⇒ Section 7.6.4.1.1, Page 69)
- 5. Attach the eye hook to the bail and pull upright motor unit 80-1 including rotor 818 with bearing and bearing housing 350.01. (

 ⇒ Section 3.2.2, Page 13)
- 6. Place the pump set on the pump bowl and bellmouth. Fasten it with hexagon socket head cap screws 914.02. Secure the screwed connection with a thread-locking agent (Loctite 243).

7.6.4.1.1 Leak test when installing the mechanical seal

Observe the following values for leak testing:

- Test medium: compressed air
- Test pressure: 1 bar max.
- Test period: 5 minutes
- 1. The pressure must not drop during the test period.

 If the pressure does drop, check the sealing elements and screwed connections.

 Then perform another leak test.
- 2. If the test has been successful, remove the testing device. Do not close the leakage drain hole to allow drainage of any water ingress.

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7.6.4.2 Impeller-end mechanical seal

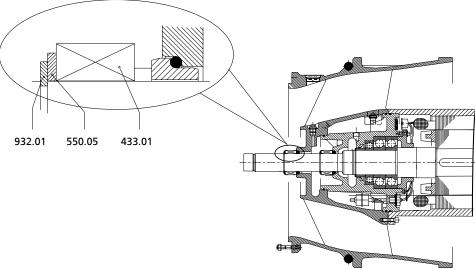


Fig. 41: Installing the impeller-end mechanical seal

- ✓ The pump bowl has been fastened to the motor.
- ✓ The pump has been positioned horizontally on a wooden support. It has been secured against rolling off.
- 1. Use a suitable sleeve to press the mating ring of mechanical seal 433.01 together with the O-ring into the drilled recess in the pump bowl.
- 2. Carefully guide on the bellows part of the mechanical seal until it rests against the mating ring.
- 3. Slide disc 550.05 and circlip 932.01 onto the shaft. Press the circlip in with an assembly sleeve until it is axially fastened in the shaft groove.
- 4. Check the lubricant reservoir for leakage. (⇒ Section 7.6.7.1, Page 73)
- 5. Fill the lubricant reservoir with lubricant. Then close the lubricant reservoir.



7.6.5 Fitting the impeller

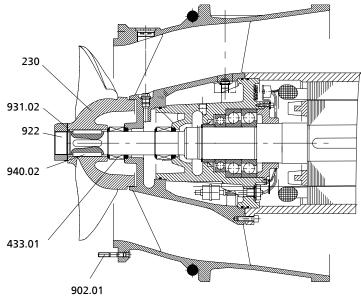


Fig. 42: Fitting the impeller

- ✓ The pump has been placed on a wooden support in a horizontal position and is protected against rolling off.
- ✓ The impeller-end mechanical seal 433.01 has been installed.
- 1. Fit two keys 940.02.
- 2. Coat all sides of the shaft seat and shaft thread with an assembly paste which prevents the chrome steel parts from being "picked up".
- 3. Guide impeller 230 onto the rotor shaft until it abuts against the shaft collar.
- 4. Fit lock washer 931.02.
- 5. Screw impeller nut 922 to the shaft thread and tighten it.
- 6. Bend the lock washer to the flats of the impeller nut.

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7.6.6 Fitting the bellmouth

7.6.6.1 Fitting the bellmouth for pressure class A

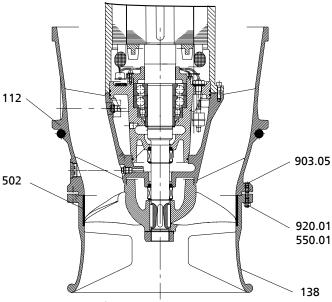


Fig. 43: Impeller of pressure class A

- ✓ Bellmouth 138 has been positioned on wooden supports on a level and solid surface.
- ✓ Suitable lifting equipment is provided.
- ✓ The pump set has been completely pre-assembled.
- ✓ A new casing wear ring 502 has been fitted in bellmouth 138.
- 1. Attach the lifting tackle to bail 571 and carefully pull the pump set upright.
- 2. Centre the pump set above bellmouth 138.

 Note: Make sure that the pin of bail 571 for attaching the lifting tackle and the baffles in bellmouth 138 are aligned in the same direction.
- 3. Slowly lower the pump set. While lowering the pump set, make sure that studs 920.01 are aligned with the drilled holes.
- 4. Then lower the pump set until it sits on bellmouth 138.
- 5. Fasten all studs 902.01 with corresponding nuts 920.01 and discs 550.01. Observe the tightening torque! (⇔ Section 7.8, Page 75)
- 6. Close the threaded holes with screw plugs 903.05.

Table 22: Diameter of the casing wear ring [mm]

Size	Nominal diameter
500 - 270	270 + 0,1
600 - 350	350 + 0,1

7.6.6.2 Fitting the bellmouth for pressure class B

At impellers of pressure class B, the outer contour of the vanes and the inner contour of the casing wear are spherical.

For this pressure class the clearance gap is adjusted axially with the impeller nut.



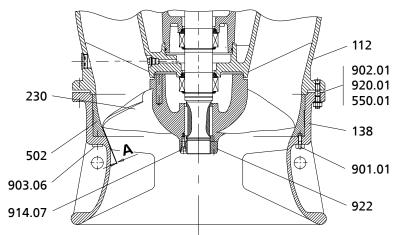


Fig. 44: Impeller of pressure class B

- ✓ Bellmouth 138 has been positioned on wooden supports on a level and solid surface.
- ✓ Suitable hoisting tackle is provided.
- ✓ The pump set has been completely pre-assembled.
- ✓ A new casing wear ring 502 has been fitted in bellmouth 138.
- 1. Attach the lifting tackle to bail 571 and carefully pull the pump set upright.
- 2. Centre the pump set above bellmouth 138.

 Please note: Make sure the attachment pin of bail 571 and the ribs in bellmouth 138 are aligned in the same direction.
- 3. Slowly lower the pump set. While lowering the pump set, make sure that studs 920.01 are aligned with the drilled holes.
- 4. Then lower the pump set until it sits on bellmouth 138.
- 5. Fasten all studs 902.01 with corresponding nuts 920.01 and discs 550.01. Observe the tightening torque! (⇔ Section 7.8, Page 75)
- 6. Close the threaded holes with screw plugs 903.05.
- 7. Loosen the impeller nut to adjust clearance gap "A" between impeller 230 and casing wear ring 502.
- 8. Use a sensor to check that the required clearance gap "A" is met, see the following table.
- 9. Align the holes of impeller 230 and impeller nut 922 and fasten them with hexagon socket head cap screw 914.07.

Table 23: Clearance gap "A"

Pump size	Standard A [mm]	Large clearance gap ⁴⁾ A [mm]
500 - 270		
600 - 350	0.35	0.9

7.6.7 Leak testing

7.6.7.1 Testing the lubricant reservoir for leakage

After reassembly, the mechanical seal area/lubricant reservoir must be checked for leakage. The leak test is performed at the lubricant filler opening.

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⁴ For activated sludge or fluids containing long fibres



Observe the following values for leak testing:

Test medium: compressed airTest pressure: 1 bar maximum

Test duration: 5 minutes

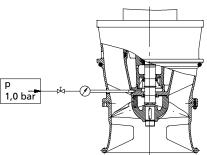


Fig. 45: Screwing in the testing device

- 1. Unscrew and remove the screw plug and joint ring of the lubricant reservoir.
- 2. Screw the testing device tightly into the lubricant filler opening.
- 3. Carry out the leak test with the values specified above.
 The pressure must not drop during the test period.
 If the pressure does drop, check the seals and screwed connections.
 Then perform another leak test.
- 4. If the leak test has been successful, fill in the lubricant. (⇒ Section 7.4.1.4.2, Page 58)

7.6.7.2 Checking the motor for leakage



⚠ DANGER

Screw plug leaking or missing

Explosion hazard!



- ▶ Never start up a pump set without screw plug 903.04.
- ▶ Apply a thread-locking agent (Loctite 243) to screw plug 903.04.

Observe the following values for leak testing:

- Test medium: nitrogen
- Test pressure: 0.8 bar maximum
- Test duration: 2 minutes

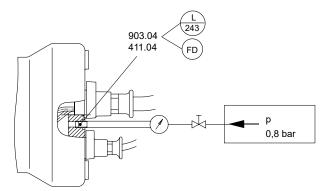


Fig. 46: Checking the motor space for leakage

- 1. Remove screw plug 903.04 and joint ring 411.04 at the motor housing cover.
- 2. Screw the testing device tightly into the hole.
- 3. Carry out the leak test with the values specified above. The pressure must not drop during the test period.

- ⇒ If the pressure does drop, check the sealing elements and screwed connections.
- ⇒ Repeat the leak test.
- 4. Remove the testing device.
- 5. Apply a thread-locking agent (Loctite 243) and liquid sealant to screw plug 903.04.
- 6. Re-insert screw plug 903.04 with new joint ring 411.04.

Table 24: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
L 243	Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243.
FD	Always apply a liquid sealant (e.g. Hylomar SQ32M) to sealing surfaces marked with this symbol.

7.7 Checking the electrical connection and motor

Once reassembly has been completed, carry out the steps described in $(\Rightarrow$ Section 7.2.1, Page 51) and $(\Rightarrow$ Section 7.3.4, Page 54).

7.8 Tightening torques

Table 25: Tightening torques [Nm] depending on thread, steel grade and property class

Steel grade	-		A2, A4		A2, A4		1.4410		1.4462	
Property class	8.8		-5	-50		70	$R_{p0.2} \ge 530 \text{ N/mm}^2$		$R_{p0,2} \ge 450 \text{ N/mm}^2$	
Thread	Minimum	Rated torque	Minimum	Rated torque	Minimum	Rated torque	Minimum	Rated torque	Minimum	Rated torque
M4	3,0	3,4	1,0	1,1	2,1	2,4	2,5	2,8	2,1	2,4
M5	6,1	6,8	2,0	2,2	4,3	4,8	5,0	5,6	4,3	4,8
M6	10.3	11	3,4	3,7	7,2	8,0	8,5	9,5	7,2	8,0
M8	25	28	8,2	9,1	18	19	21	23	18	19
M10	49	55	16	18	35	38	41	45	35	38
M12	85	94	28	31	59	66	70	78	59	66
M14	134	149	44	49	94	105	111	124	94	105
M16	209	232	69	76	147	163	173	192	147	163
M20	408	453	134	149	287	319	338	375	287	319
M24	704	782	231	257	495	550	583	648	495	550
M27	1025	1139	36	374	721	801	849	944	721	801
M30	1403	1559	460	511	986	1096	1162	1291	986	1096
M33	1888	2098	619	688	1327	1475	1563	1737	1327	1475
M36	2445	2717	802	891	1719	1910	2025	2250	1719	1910
M42	3904	4338	1281	1423	2745	3050	3233	3592	2745	3050
M48	5880	6534	1929	2144	4135	4594	4870	5411	4135	4594



NOTE

If using an adjustable torque wrench or torque screwdriver, adjust it to a value within the indicated range between the minimum and the nominal value.

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7.9 Spare parts stock

7.9.1 Ordering spare parts

Always quote the following data when ordering replacement or spare parts:

- Order number
- Order item number
- Type series
- Size
- Year of construction
- Motor number

Refer to the name plate for all data.

Also specify the following data:

- Part No. and description
- Quantity of spare parts
- Shipping address
- Mode of dispatch (freight, mail, express freight, air freight)

7.9.2 Recommended spare parts stock for 2 years' operation to DIN 24296

Table 26: Quantity of spare parts for recommended spare parts stock

Part No.	Description	Number o	of pumps (including	stand-by p	umps)		
		2	3	4	5	6	8	10 and more
230	Impeller	1	1	1	2	2	3	30 %
320 / 321	Rolling element bearing, pump end	1	1	2	2	3	4	50 %
322	Rolling element bearing, drive end	1	1	2	2	3	4	50 %
412.05	O-ring, for discharge tube cover	2	3	4	5	6	8	100 %
433.01	Mechanical seal, pump end	2	3	4	5	6	7	90 %
433.02	Mechanical seal, drive end	2	3	4	5	6	7	90 %
502	Casing wear ring	2	2	2	3	3	4	50 %
80-1	Motor unit	-	-	-	-	1	2	30 %
818	Rotor	-	-	-	-	1	2	30 %
834	Cable gland	1	1	2	2	2	3	40 %
99-9	Set of sealing elements, motor	4	6	8	8	9	10	100 %
99-9	Set of sealing elements, hydraulic system	4	6	8	8	9	10	100 %

8 Trouble-shooting



MARNING

Improper work to remedy faults

Risk of injury!

▶ For any work performed to remedy faults, observe the relevant information given in this operating manual and/or in the product literature provided by the accessories manufacturer.

If problems occur that are not described in the following table, consultation with the KSB service is required.

- A Pump is running, but does not deliver
- B Pump delivers insufficient flow rate
- **C** Excessive current/power input
- **D** Insufficient discharge head
- E Vibrations and noise during pump operation

Table 27: Trouble-shooting

			HOUD		3-3Hooting			
Α			D	Е	Possible causes	Remedy ⁵⁾		
-	X	-	-	X	Water level lowered too much during operation	Check supply and capacity of system (sump floor area).		
						Check level control equipment.		
X	X	-	-	X	Total pressure corresponding to NPSH _{pump} too	Increase fluid level on the suction side.		
					high Total pressure corresponding to NPSH _{system} too low	Clean screening equipment, if required.		
X	X	X	-	X	Penetration of air into the pump due to formation of an air pocket - Suction-side water level too low	Increase the suction-side water level. If this is not possible or unsuccessful, please contact KSB.		
X	X	X	-	X	Unfavourable flow to the pump inlet	Improve the flow to the intake chamber (contact KSB).		
-	X	X	-	X	Pump running in off-design conditions - part load/overload	Check the pump's operating data.		
X	X	-	X	X	Pump clogged by deposits	Clean intake and pump components.		
-	X	X	X	X	Wear	Replace worn components by new ones.		
-	X	-	X	X	Impermissible air or gas content in the fluid handled	Contact KSB.		
-	-	-	-	X	System-induced vibrations	Contact KSB.		
-	-	X	-	X	Wrong direction of rotation	Check the electrical connection of motor and control system, if any.		
X	-	-	-	-	No voltage	Check electrical connections.		
						Contact the energy supplier.		
X	-	-	-	-	Motor winding or electric cable are defective.	Replace with original KSB cable or contact KSB.		
-	-	X	-	X	Worn or defective rolling element bearings	Contact KSB.		
X	-	-	-	-	The thermistor tripping unit with manual reset for temperature limiter has tripped the pump as a result of the permissible winding temperature being exceeded.	Have cause determined and eliminated by qualified and trained personnel.		
X	-	-	-	-	Motor has been tripped by leakage monitor.	Have cause determined and eliminated by qualified and trained personnel.		

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The pump pressure must be released before attempting to remedy faults on parts which are subjected to pressure. Disconnect the pump set from the power supply!



Α	В	C	D	E	Possible causes	Remedy ⁵⁾	
X	-	-	-	-		Have cause determined and eliminated by qualified and trained personnel.	
X	-	Bearing temperature monitor has tripped.			Have cause determined and eliminated by qualified and trained personnel.		



9 Related Documents

9.1 General assembly drawing

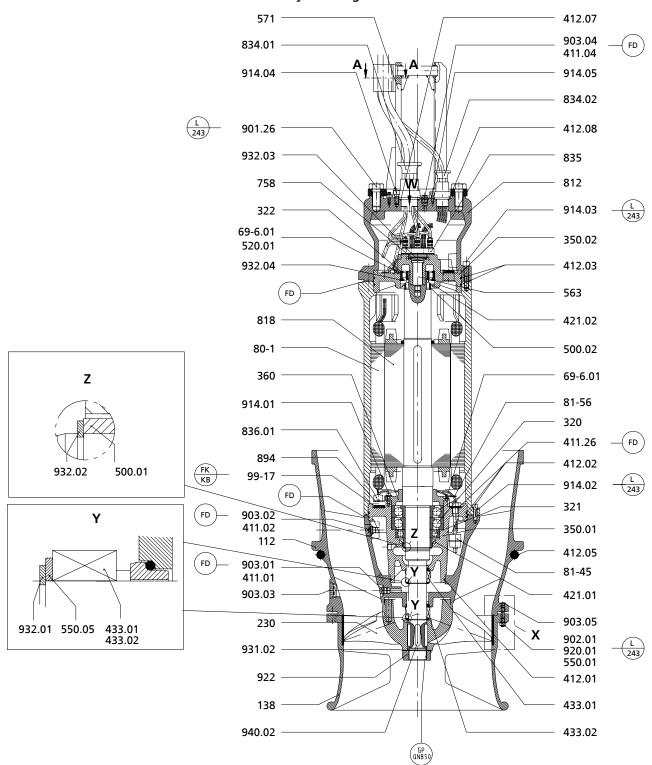
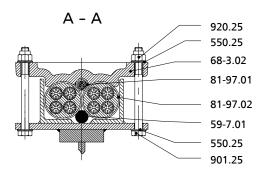
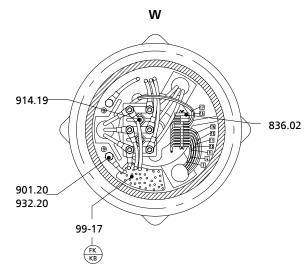


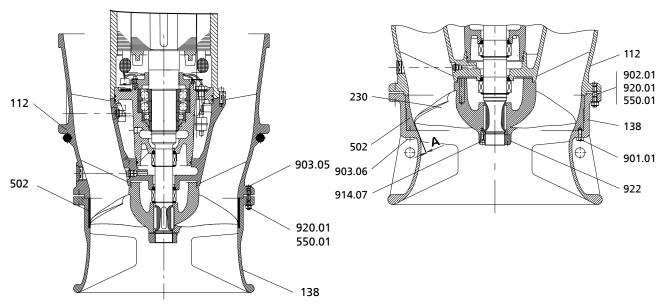
Fig. 47: General assembly drawing





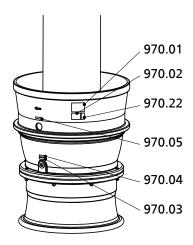
Cross-section A-A: view of holder

Detail W: view of connection space



Detail X: view of casing wear ring, pressure class A

Detail X: view of casing wear ring, pressure class B



Pump signage



Table 28: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
L 243	Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243.
FD	Always apply a liquid sealant (e.g. Hylomar SQ32M) to sealing surfaces marked with this symbol.
GP Q NB 50	Use a lubricant paste (e.g. Altemp Q NB 50).

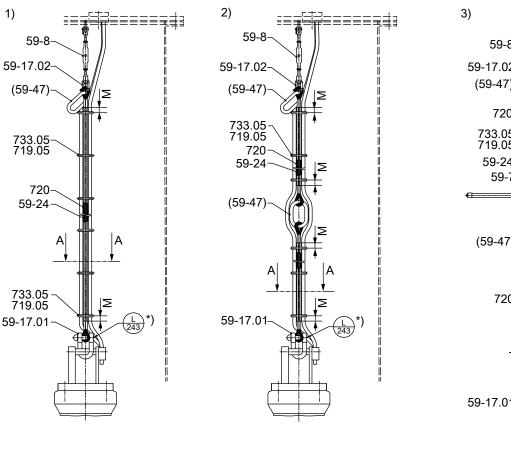
Table 29: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description	
112	Pump bowl	80-1	Motor unit	
138	Bellmouth	81-45	Float switch	
230	Impeller	81-56	Motor moisture protection device	
320	Angular contact ball bearing	81-97.01/.02	Cable protector	
321	Deep groove ball bearing	82-5	Adapter	
322	Cylindrical roller bearing	812	Motor housing cover	
350.01/.02	Bearing housing	818	Rotor	
360	Bearing cover	834.01/.03	Cable gland	
411.01/.02/.04/.26	Joint ring	835	Terminal board	
412.01/.02/.03/.05/.07/.08	O-ring	836.01/.02	Terminal strip	
421.01/.02	Lip seal	894	Bracket	
433.01/.02	Mechanical seal	99-17	Desiccant	
59-7.01	Support	901.01/.20/.25/.26	Hexagon head bolt	
500.01/.02	Ring	902.01	Stud	
502	Casing wear ring	903.01/.02/.03/.04/.05	Screw plug	
520.01	Sleeve	914.01/.02/.03/.04/.05/.19	Hexagon socket head cap screw	
550.01/.05/.25	Disc	920.01/.25	Nut	
563	Pin	922	Impeller nut	
571	Bail	931.02/.20	Lock washer	
68-3.02	Cover plate	932.01/.02/.03/.04	Circlip	
69-6.01	Temperature sensor	940.02	Key	
758	Screen	970.01/.02/.03/.04/.05/.22	Label/plate	

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9.2 Cable bundle



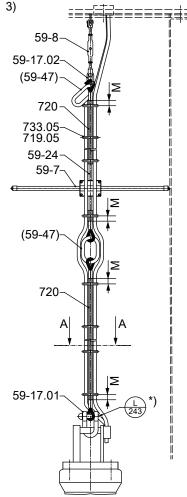


Fig. 48: Cable bundle

1)	Basic design
2)	Design with lifting lug
3)	Design with support

*): Only required for galvanised version (⇒ Section 5.3.3, Page 29)



NOTE

Distance M = 50 mm

Table 30: Symbols key

Symbol	Description
	Always secure screwed connections marked with this symbol with Loctite 243 .



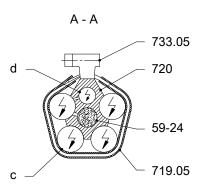


Fig. 49: Section A - A, position of power cable, control cable and support rope

С	Power cable	d	Control cable

Table 31: List of spare parts of the cable bundle

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
59-7	Support	59-47	Lifting lug
59-8	Turnbuckle	719.05	Flexible tube
59-17.01/.02	Shackle	720	Fitting
59-24	Rope / support rope	733.05	Hose clip

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9.3 Wiring diagrams

9.3.1 Wiring diagram

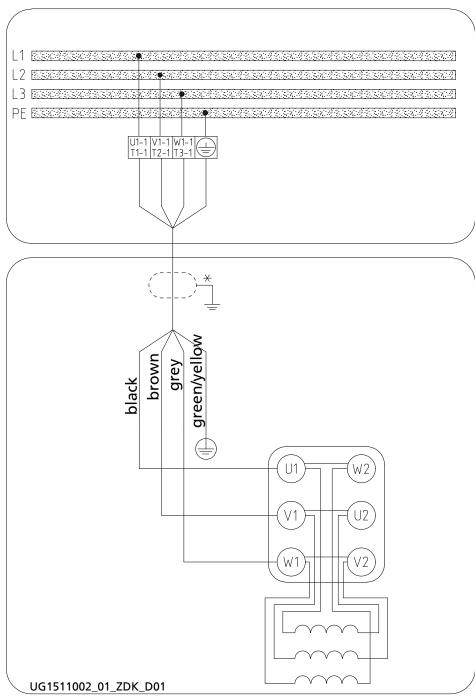


Fig. 50: Wiring diagram
* Shielded cable optional



9.3.2 Wiring diagrams for the sensors

Standard pump sets

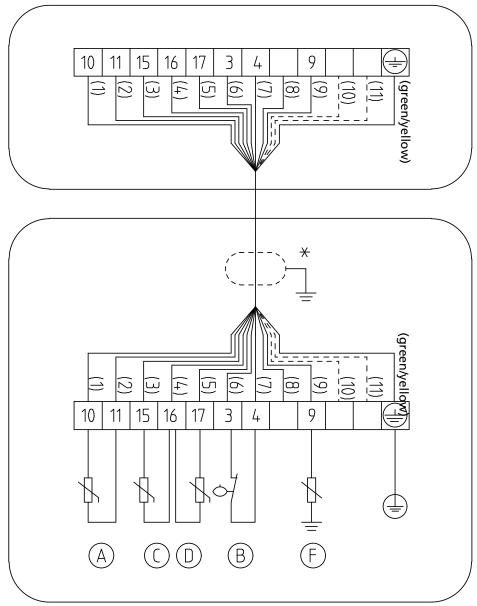


Fig. 51: Wiring diagram for sensors of standard pump sets

*	Shielded cables optional
(A)	Motor temperature (PTC)
B	Mechanical seal leakage
©	Bearing temperature (lower bearings)
0	Bearing temperature (upper bearing)
(F)	Leakage inside the motor



Pump sets with additional Pt100 motor temperature monitoring

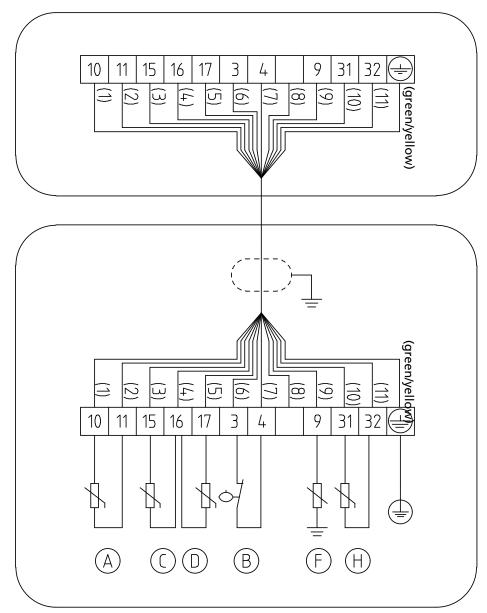
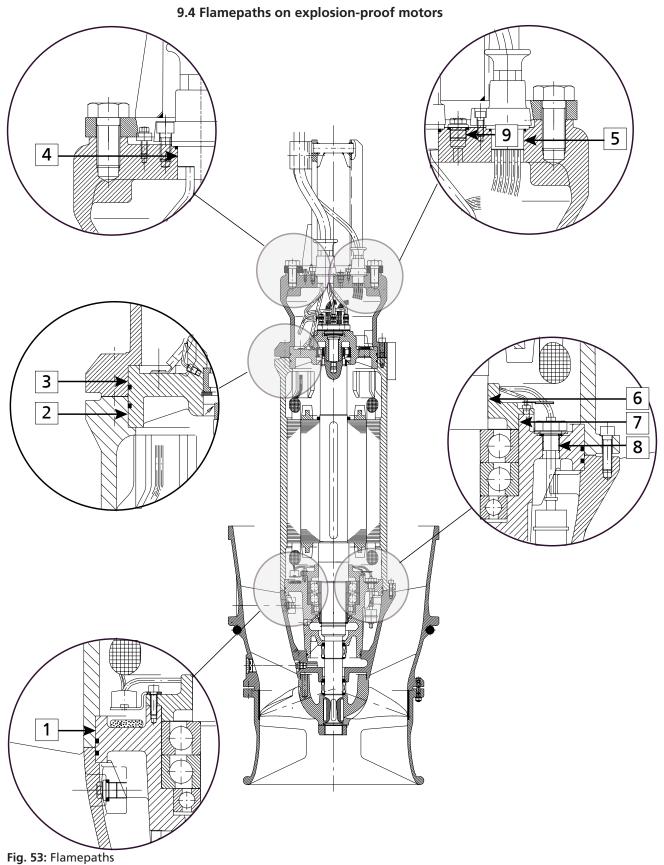


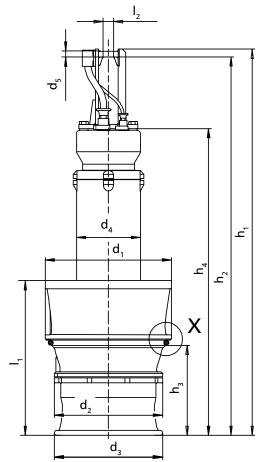
Fig. 52: Wiring diagram for pump sets with additional Pt100 motor temperature monitoring

A	Motor temperature (PTC)
B	Mechanical seal leakage
©	Bearing temperature (lower bearings)
0	Bearing temperature (upper bearing)
(F)	Leakage inside the motor
Θ	Motor temperature (Pt100)



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9.5 Dimensions [mm]



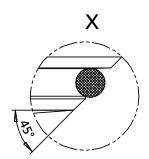


Fig. 54: Pump set dimensions

Table 32: Dimensions of the pump set [mm]

Pump size	Motor size	Num ber of	d₁	d ₂	d ₃	d₄	d ₅	h ₁	h ₂	h ₃	h₄	I ₁	l ₂	[kg] ⁶⁾
		poles												
A 500-270	10	4	470	380	380	280	30	1550	1500	305	1150	500	70	365
A 500-270	16	4	470	380	380	280	30	1550	1500	305	1150	500	70	370
A 500-270	20	4	470	380	380	280	30	1710	1660	305	1310	500	70	410
A 500-270	6	6	470	380	380	280	30	1550	1500	305	1150	500	70	360
A 600-350	20	4	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	515
A 600-350	32	4	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	555
A 600-350	40	4	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	560
A 600-350	60	4	570	485	485	280	30	2010	1960	555	1610	820	70	620
A 600-350	70	4	570	485	485	280	30	2010	1960	555	1610	820	70	650
A 600-350	10	6	570	485	485	280	30	1665	1615	555	1265	820	70	465
A 600-350	16	6	570	485	485	280	30	1665	1615	555	1265	820	70	480
A 600-350	25	6	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	530
В 600-350	32	4	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	555
В 600-350	40	4	570	485	485	280	30	1825	1775	555	1425	820	70	560
В 600-350	60	4	570	485	485	280	30	2010	1960	555	1610	820	70	620
B 600-350	70	4	570	485	485	280	30	2010	1960	555	1610	820	70	650

Pump set with 10-metre power cable (400 V) and 5-metre support rope



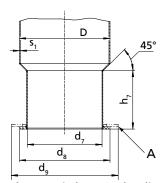


Fig. 55: Discharge tube dimensions

A Suction umbrella; option for reducing the minimum water level

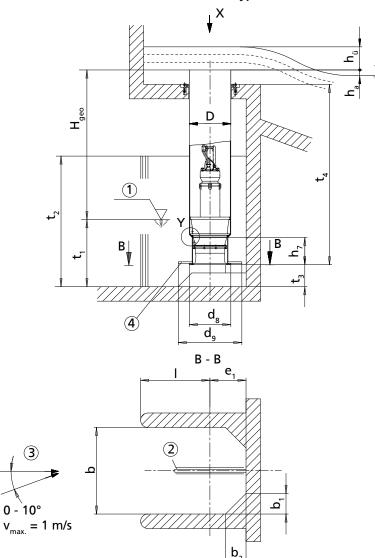
Table 33: Dimensions of the discharge tube [mm]

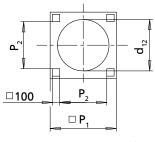
Pump size	Motor size	Number of poles	D	d ₇	d ₈	d ₉	h ₇	S ₁
A 500-270	10	4	508	400	505	650	295	7
A 500-270	16	4	508	400	505	650	295	7
A 500-270	20	4	508	400	505	650	295	7
A 500-270	6	6	508	400	505	650	295	7
A 600-350	20	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	32	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	40	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	60	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	70	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	10	6	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	16	6	610	500	610	800	540	7
A 600-350	25	6	610	500	610	800	540	7
B 600-350	32	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
B 600-350	40	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
B 600-350	60	4	610	500	610	800	540	7
B 600-350	70	4	610	500	610	800	540	7



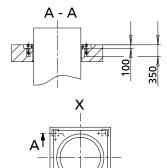
9.6 General arrangement drawings

9.6.1 Installation type BU



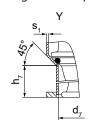


Foundation recesses7)



Detailed view X:
Support plate of the discharge tube
Drawing: without pump

□ m



Detailed view Y: seating ring

- ①: Minimum water level (values see diagram on the following page)
- ②: Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)
- ③: Approach flow
- 4: Suction umbrella Option for reducing the minimum water level t_1

Table 34: Dimensions [mm]

Size	D	b	b	91	b	2	d ₇	d ₈	d ₉
			Suction	umbrella	Suction	umbrella			
			X	✓	X	✓			
			d ₈	d ₉	d ₈	d ₉			
500-270	508	750	150	_	150	_	400	505	650
600-350	610	1250	250	_	250	500	610	800	

⁷ All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.



Table 35: Dimensions [mm]

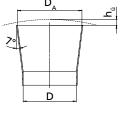
Size	d ₁₂	e.	8) 1	h _a	h ₇	I _{min.}	m	p ₁	p ₂	t ₃ ⁸⁾	t _{4 min.} 9)
		Suction	umbrella								
		X ✓									
		d ₈ d ₉									
500-270	550	350	400	100	295	400	600	700	440	200	1600
600-350	650	400	400 500		540	850	700	800	540	320	1900

 t_2 = 1.1 × water level, maximum 2 × t_1 Height of corner lining (b_1 and b_2) like t_2

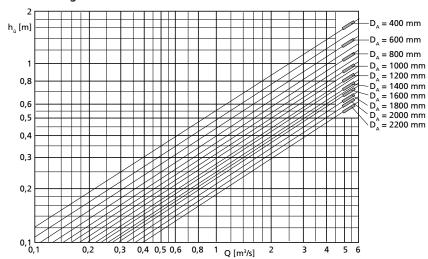
Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH

Loss diagram



Overflow head h_{u}



Loss diagram

Calculation formulas:

 $H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$

 ΔH_{v}

- Overflow head h_ū (see diagram)
- Loss in the riser (pipe friction)
- Outlet loss v²/2 g (v refers to D_A)

Overflow head $h_{\scriptscriptstyle ij}$ depends on Q and the discharge diameter $D_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$. The characteristic curve values only apply to unimpeded outlet in all directions; otherwise they are approximate values only.

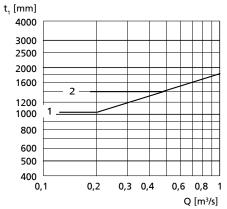
Observe this dimension.

⁹ Value for maximum motor length

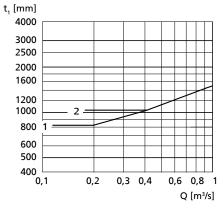


Minimum fluid level diagrams

Open intake chamber (design without suction umbrella Ø d_8) (design with suction umbrella Ø d_9)

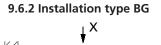


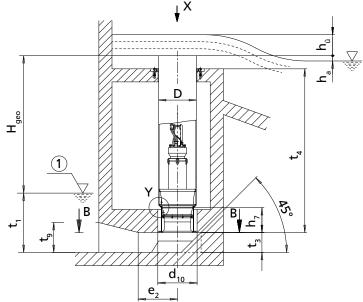
Open intake chamber

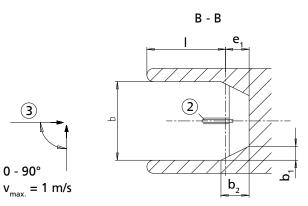


Key

- 1 Amacan P 500-270
- 2 Amacan P 600-350

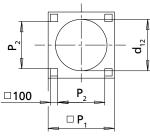




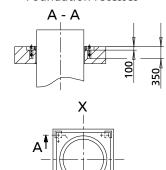




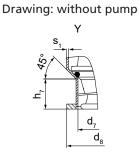
- ② Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)
- 3 Approach flow



Foundation recesses 10)



□ m Detailed view X: Support plate of the discharge tube



Detailed view Y: seating ring

Table 36: Dimensions [mm]

Size	D	b	b₁	b ₂	d ₇	d ₈	d ₁₀	d ₁₂	e ₁ ¹¹⁾	e ₂
500-270	508	750	150	300	400	505	540	550	259	375
600-350	610	1250	250	500	500	610	640	650	375	625

Table 37: Dimensions [mm]

Size	h _a	h ₇	I _{min.}	m	p ₁	p ₂	t ₃ ¹¹⁾	t _{4 min.} 12)	t ₉
500-270	100	295	750	600	700	440	200	1600	280
600-350	100	540	1250	700	800	540	320	1900	470

All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.

¹¹ Observe this dimension.

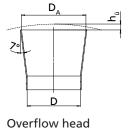
Value for maximum motor length



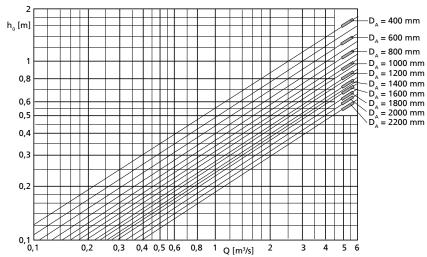
Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH

Loss diagram



h



Loss diagram

Calculation formulas:

$$H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$$

- Overflow head h_ū (see diagram)
- Loss in the riser (pipe friction)
- Outlet loss v²/2 g (v refers to D_A)

Overflow head $h_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ depends on Q and the discharge diameter $D_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$. The characteristic curve values only apply to unimpeded outlet in all directions; otherwise they are approximate values only.

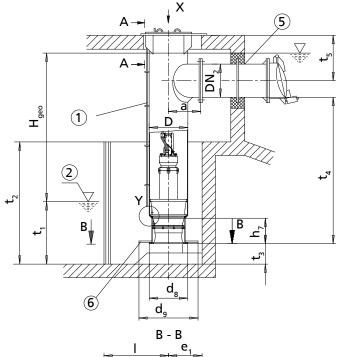
Minimum water level diagram

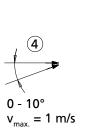
Covered intake chamber

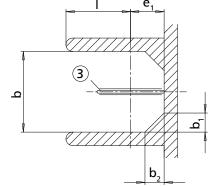
t, [mm] 4000 3000 2500 2000 1600 1200 1000 800 600 500 400 0,3 0,4 0,1 0,2 0,6 0,8 1 Q [m³/s]

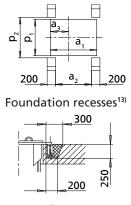
- 1 Amacan P 500-270
- 2 Amacan P 600-350

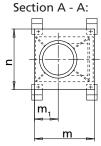




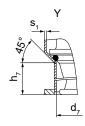








Detailed view X:
Support plate of the discharge tube
Drawing: without pump



Detailed view Y: seating ring

- ①: Vent line
- 2: Minimum water level (values see diagram on the following page)
- ③: Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)
- 4: Approach flow
- ⑤: Connect the discharge pipe to the discharge tube without transmitting any stresses or strains.
- **®**: Suction umbrella Option for reducing the minimum water level t₁

Table 38: Dimensions [mm]

Size	DN _{2 min.}	DN _{2 max.}	D	а	a ₁ 14)	a ₂ ¹⁴⁾	a ₃ 14)	b	b)1	b ₂	
									Suction umbrella		Suction	umbrella
									X ✓		X	1
									d ₈	d ₉	d ₈	d ₉
500-270	300	500	508	530	880	630	325	750	150	-	150	_
600-350	350	600	610	580	1000	750	380	1250	250	-	250	_

¹³ All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.

¹⁴ Designed for DN2 max.



Table 39: Dimensions [mm]

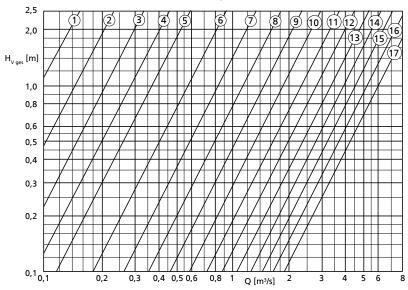
Size	d ₇	d ₈	d ₉	e ₁	15)	h ₇	I _{min.}	m ¹⁴⁾	m ₁ ¹⁴⁾	n ¹⁴⁾	p ₁ ¹⁴⁾	p ₂ ¹⁴⁾	t ₃ ¹⁵⁾	t _{4 min.} ¹⁶⁾	t _{5 min.} 14)
				Suction umbrella											
				X ✓											
				d ₈ d ₉											
500-270	400	505	650	350	400	295	400	930	350	1060	760	860	200	1700	670
600-350	500	610	800	400 500		540	850	1050	405	1160	860	960	320	2000	720

 $t_2 = 1.1 \times \text{water level, maximum } 2 \times t_1$ Height of corner lining (b_1 and b_2) like t_2

Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH
- Discharge flanges to DIN EN 1092-1 PN6 / DIN EN 1092-2 PN6

Loss diagram



(2) - DN₂ = 250 mm (3) - DN₂ = 300 mm (4) - DN₂ = 350 mm (5) - DN₂ = 400 mm (5) - DN₂ = 500 mm (7) - DN₂ = 600 mm (8) - DN₂ = 700 mm (9) - DN₂ = 800 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1000 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1100 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1200 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1300 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1300 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1400 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1500 mm (9) - DN₂ = 1500 mm

① - $DN_2 = 200 \text{ mm}$

Calculation formulas:

 $H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$

 ΔH_v - Loss in the riser (pipe friction)

- H_{v ges.} (see diagram)

H_{V ges.} comprises:

Elbow

Discharge pipe length = 5 x DN₂

Swing check valve

Outlet losses v²/2g

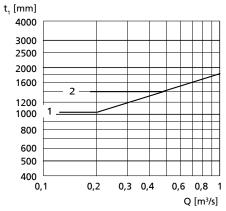
¹⁵ Observe this dimension.

¹⁶ Value for maximum motor length

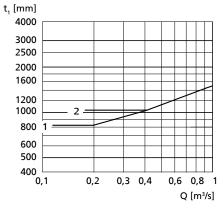


Minimum fluid level diagrams

Open intake chamber (design without suction umbrella Ø d_8) (design with suction umbrella Ø d_9)



Open intake chamber



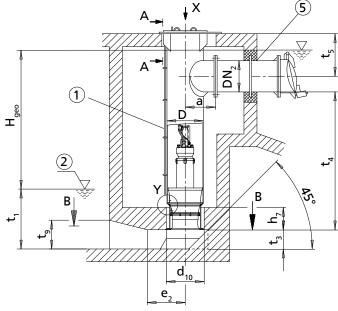
Key

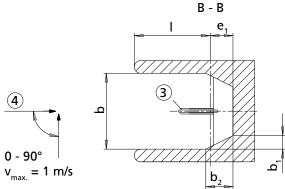
- 1 Amacan P 500-270
- 2 Amacan P 600-350

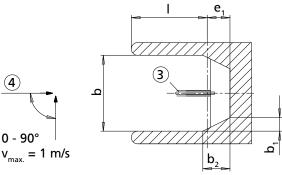
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9.6.4 Installation type CG









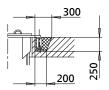
2: Minimum water level (values see diagram on the next page)

③: Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)

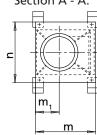
4: Approach flow

⑤: Connect the discharge pipe to the pump without transmitting any stresses or strains.

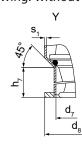
Foundation recesses¹⁷⁾



Section A - A:



Detailed view X: Support plate of the discharge tube Drawing: without pump



Detailed view Y: seating ring

Table 40: Dimensions [mm]

Size	DN _{2 min.}	DN _{2 max.}	D	а	a ₁ ¹⁸⁾	a ₂ ¹⁸⁾	a ₃ ¹⁸⁾	b	b₁	b ₂	d ₇	d ₈	d ₁₀
500-270	300	500	508	530	880	630	325	750	150	300	400	505	540
600-350	350	600	610	580	1000	750	380	1250	250	500	500	610	640

Table 41: Dimensions [mm]

Size	e ₁ ¹⁹⁾	e ₂	h ₇	I _{min.}	m ¹⁸⁾	m ₁ ¹⁸⁾	n ¹⁸⁾	p ₁ ¹⁸⁾	p ₂ ¹⁸⁾	t ₃ ¹⁹⁾	t _{4 min.} ²⁰⁾	t _{5 min.} 18)	t ₉
500-270	259	375	295	750	930	350	1060	760	860	200	1700	670	280
600-350	375	625	540	1250	1050	405	1160	860	960	320	2000	720	470

¹⁷ All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.

¹⁸ Designed for DN2 max.

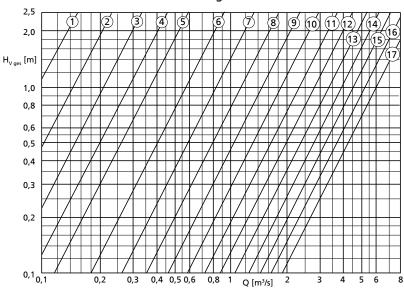
Observe this dimension.

²⁰ Value for maximum motor length

Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH
- Discharge flanges to DIN EN 1092-1 PN6 / DIN EN 1092-2 PN6

Loss diagram



① - $DN_2 = 200 \text{ mm}$ ② - $DN_2 = 250 \text{ mm}$ $3 - DN_2 = 300 \text{ mm}$ $4 - DN_2 = 350 \text{ mm}$ \odot - DN₂ = 500 mm ⑦ - $DN_2 = 600 \text{ mm}$ \otimes - DN₂ = 700 mm $9 - DN_2 = 800 \text{ mm}$ ① - $DN_2 = 1000 \text{ mm}$ ② - $DN_2 = 1100 \text{ mm}$ \bigcirc - DN₂ = 1300 mm

Calculation formulas:

 $H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$

ΔΗ,

- Loss in the riser (pipe friction)
- H_{v ges.} (see diagram)

 $H_{V ges.}$ comprises:

- Elbow
- Discharge pipe length = 5 x DN₂
- Swing check valve
- Outlet losses v²/2g

Minimum water level diagram

Covered intake chamber Key t, [mm] 4000 3000 2500 2000 1600 1200 1000 800 600 500 400 0,3 0,4 0,1 0,6 0,8 1 Q [m³/s]

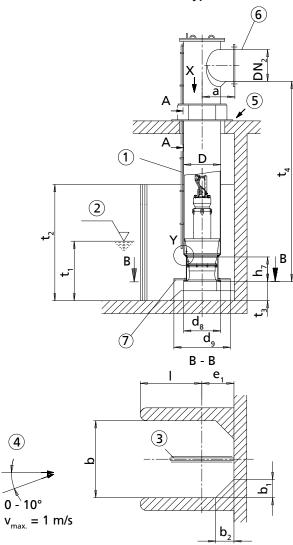
1 - Amacan P 500-270 **2** - Amacan P 600-350

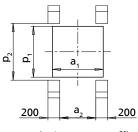
1580.86/08-EN

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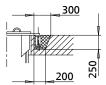


9.6.5 Installation type DU

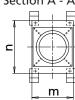




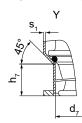
Foundation recesses²¹⁾



Section A - A:



Detailed view X:
Support plate of the discharge tube
Drawing: without pump



Detailed view Y: seating ring

- ①: Vent line
- ②: Minimum water level (values see diagram on the following page)
- ③: Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)
- 4: Approach flow
- ⑤: Not pressure-proof
- **(®)** Connect the discharge pipe to the discharge tube without transmitting any stresses or strains.
- \odot : Suction umbrella Option for reducing the minimum water level t_1

Table 42: Dimensions [mm]

Size	DN ₂	DN ₂	D	а	a₁	a ₂	b	b ₁		b_2	
	min.	max.						Suction umbrella		Suction umbrella	
								X	1	X	✓
								d ₈	d ₉	d ₈	d ₉
500-270	300	500	508	530	650	400	750	150	-	150	_
600-350	350	600	610	580	760	510	1250	250	_	250	_

²¹ All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.



Table 43: Dimensions [mm]

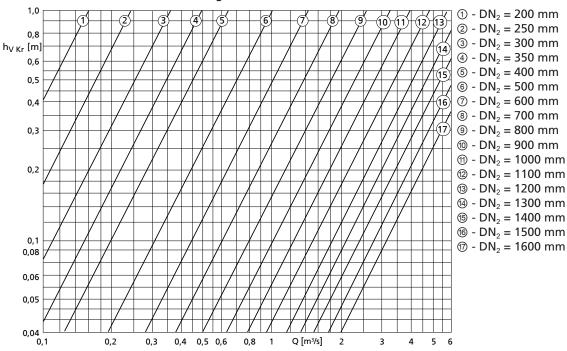
Size	d ₇	d ₈	d ₉	e ₁ ²²⁾		h ₇	I _{min.}	m	n	p ₁	p ₂	t ₃ ²²⁾	t ₄
				Suction umbrella									23) min.
				X	1								
				d ₈	d ₉								
500-270	400	505	650	350	400	295	400	720	950	650	750	200	1700
600-350	500	610	800	400	500	540	850	830	1060	760	860	320	2000

 t_2 = 1.1 × water level, maximum 2 × t_1 Height of corner lining (b_1 and b_2) like t_2

Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH
- Discharge flanges to DIN EN 1092-1 PN6 / DIN EN 1092-2 PN6

Loss diagram



Calculation formulas:

 $H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$

 ΔH_{v}

- Loss in the elbow h_{VKr} (see diagram)
- Loss in the riser (pipe friction)
- H_{V System} (valves, etc.)

H_{V System} must be determined for the specific system.

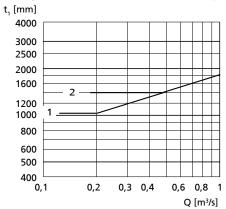
²² Observe this dimension.

²³ Value for maximum motor length

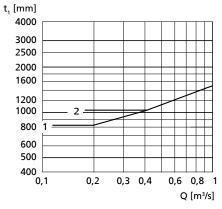


Minimum fluid level diagrams

Open intake chamber (design without suction umbrella Ø d_8) (design with suction umbrella Ø d_9)



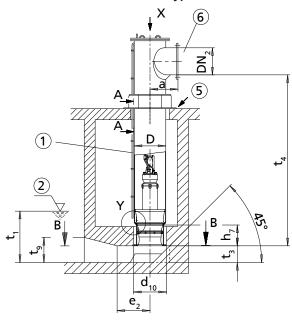
Open intake chamber

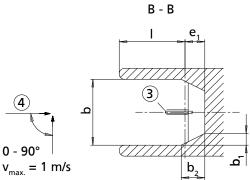


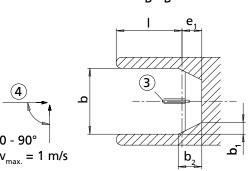
Key

- 1 Amacan P 500-270
- 2 Amacan P 600-350











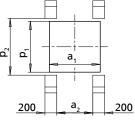
- ②: Minimum water level (values see diagram on the next page)
- ③: Flow-straightening vane (⇒ Section 9.6.7, Page 105)
- 4: Approach flow
- ⑤: Not pressure-proof
- **(®):** Connect the discharge pipe to the pump without transmitting any stresses or strains.

Table 44: Dimensions [mm]

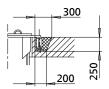
Size	DN _{2 min.}	DN _{2 max.}	D	а	a ₁	a ₂	b	b₁	b ₂	d ₇	d ₈	d ₁₀
500-270	300	500	508	530	650	400	750	150	300	400	505	540
600-350	350	600	610	580	760	510	1250	250	500	500	610	640

Table 45: Dimensions [mm]

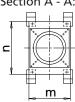
Size	e ₁ ²⁵⁾	e ₂	h ₇	I _{min.}	m	n	p ₁	p ₂	t ₃ ²⁵⁾	t _{4 min.} 26)	t ₉
500-270	259	375	295	750	720	950	650	750	200	1700	280
600-350	375	625	540	1250	830	1060	760	860	320	2000	470



Foundation recesses²⁴⁾

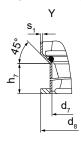


Section A - A:



Detailed view X: Support plate of the discharge tube

Drawing: without pump



Detailed view Y: seating ring

1580.86/08-EN

All dimensions for foundation recesses apply to discharge tube design without intermediate flange.

²⁵ Observe this dimension.

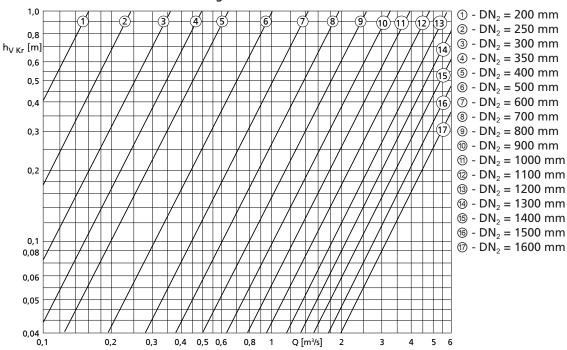
²⁶ Value for maximum motor length



Permissible tolerances:

- Tolerances in building construction to DIN 18202, Part 4, Group B
- Welded construction: B/F to DIN EN ISO 13920
- Tolerances for conical seat (detail Y): ISO 2768-mH
- Discharge flanges to DIN EN 1092-1 PN6 / DIN EN 1092-2 PN6

Loss diagram



Calculation formulas:

$$H = H_{geo} + \Delta H_{v}$$

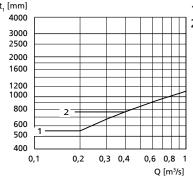
 ΔH_{v}

- Loss in the elbow h_{V Kr} (see diagram)
- Loss in the riser (pipe friction)
- H_{V System} (valves, etc.)

 $H_{V \; System}$ must be determined for the specific system.

Minimum water level diagram

Covered intake chamber t, [mm]



Key



9.6.7 Dimensions of the flow-straightening vane

Design of the intake chamber wall surfaces (to prevent vortex formation)

The flow-straightening vane is indispensable for the inlet conditions of the pump set. It prevents the development of a submerged vortex (floor vortex) which could cause a drop in performance, for example. In addition, the floor and wall surfaces of the intake chamber should be designed as a rough concrete surface. Rough surfaces minimise the separation of boundary layers that may cause wall and floor vortices.

Flow-straightening vane and intake chamber

- The anti-swirl baffles in the bellmouth must be aligned with the flowstraightening vane.
- The bail of the pump is oriented in the same direction as the anti-swirl baffles in the bellmouth.

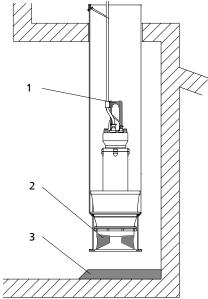
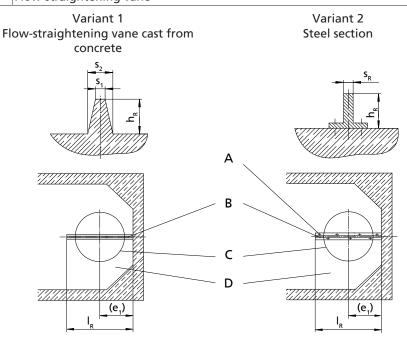


Fig. 56: Installation position of the pump set

1	Bail
2	Anti-swirl baffles
3	Flow-straightening vane



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А	Bolted to the floor of the intake chamber
В	Flow-straightening vane centred beneath the discharge tube
С	Discharge tube
D	Intake chamber

Installation types BU, CU, DU

Table 46: Dimensions [mm]

Size	h _R	S ₁	S ₂	S _R	(e₁)		I _R	27)	
					Suction umbrella		Suction umbrella		
					X	X 🗸		✓	
					d ₈	d ₉	d ₈	d ₉	
500-270	120	15	60	10	350	400	670	720	
600-350	190	20	70	10	400	500	875	940	
700-470	230	25	90	10	450	650	1000	1200	
800-540	265	25	100	12	500	700	1165	1300	
900-540	265	25	100	12	550	700	1165	1300	
1000-700	335	30	120	12	600	900	1375	1675	
1200-870	410	30	120	12	700	1100	1650	2050	
1500-1060	515	40	140	12	850	1300	2050	2500	
1600-1060	515	40	140	12	900	1300	2050	2500	

Installation types BG, CG, DG

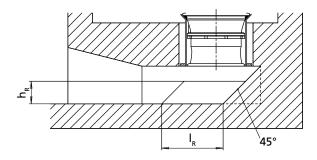


Fig. 57: Flow-straightening vane for covered intake chamber

Table 47: Dimensions [mm]

Size	h _R	S ₁	S ₂	S _R	I _R
500-270	120	15	60	10	430
600-350	190	20	70	10	545
700-470	230	25	90	10	650
800-540	265	25	100	12	740
900-540	265	25	100	12	790
1000-700	335	30	120	12	940
1200-870	410	30	120	12	1150
1500-1060	515	40	140	12	1450
1600-1060	515	40	140	12	1500

 $^{^{\}rm 27}$ $\,$ Adjust length IR of the flow straightening vane to the 45° angle of the intake chamber.



10 EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

KSB SE & Co. KGaA Johann-Klein-Straße 9 67227 Frankenthal (Germany)

The manufacturer herewith declares that the product:

KSB order number:

Amacan K, Amacan P, Amacan S

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²⁸ Apart from the standards listed here referring to the Machinery Directive, further standards are observed for explosion-proof versions (ATEX Directive) as applicable and are listed in the legally binding EU Declaration of Conformity.

²⁹ A signed, legally binding EU Declaration of Conformity is supplied with the product.



11 Certificate of Decontamination

Delivery Applica	em number³0): v date:						
Please t	ick where applicable ³⁰⁾	:					
		<u> </u>					
	☐ Corrosive	☐ Oxidising	□ Flammable	□ Explosive	☐ Hazardous to health		
				¥2)			
	N.	V V		***			
Seriou	□ sly hazardous to health	□ Toxic	□ Radioactive	☐ Bio-hazardous	□ Safe		
Reason	for return: ³⁰⁾ :						
Comme	nts:						
placing	at your disposal.		ed, cleaned and decontami				
For mag	g-drive pumps, the inno	er rotor unit (impeller cleaned. In cases of co	, casing cover, bearing rin ontainment shroud leakago e piece have also been cle	g carrier, plain bearing, i e, the outer rotor, bearin	nner rotor) has been		
For can	ned motor pumps, the or can, the stator spac	rotor and plain beari	ng have been removed fro for fluid leakage; if fluid h	om the pump for cleaning			
		cautions are required precautions are requi	for further handling. red for flushing fluids, flu	id residues and disposal:			
	firm that the above da t legal provisions.	nta and information a	re correct and complete ar	nd that dispatch is effecte	 ed in accordance with the		
	Place, date and signature		Address	C	Company stamp		
	quired field						

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